

# THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

VOL. XVI.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1902.

NO. 9.

## PEOPLE THAT YOU KNOW

### WHAT THEY ARE DOING—WHERE THEY GO.

Interesting Items Gathered Here and There in Our Journeys About Town.

ELGIN, Ill., Oct. 27.—Butter firm at 24¢, no offerings and no sales. Output for the week, 488,000 lbs. Butter last week, 24¢; last year, 22¢.

Lined mitts at Webb Bros.

Warm goods at Webb Bros.

Cauderoy reversible coats at Webb Bros.

Mrs. Chas. Smith was a Chicago passenger Tuesday morning.

Herb Pierce has opened a barber shop at Shields, on the Milwaukee road.

Our line of all wool pants at \$2.00 to \$3.00 can't be beat. Webb Bros.

Mrs. W. T. Hill was visiting friends in Chicago Tuesday and Wednesday.

The masons began laying the stone walls for the new bank building Monday morning.

R. D. Emmons was transacting business in Chicago Friday and Saturday of last week.

Mrs. and Mrs. Lew Goss, of Beloit, Wis., are the guests this week of his sister, Mrs. A. A. Bewick.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Vickers will move to their new house in the Johnson addition next week.

Mrs. L. I. Turner, of the Bluff Lake hotel, is visiting friends at Milwaukee and Chicago this week.

The result of the registration in Antioch township shows that there are 548 names on the polling list.

Andrew Eberman and wife left today for Phoenix, Arizona, where they will remain during the winter.

Election is next Tuesday and let Antioch township sustain her record and let every Republican turn out and vote.

Write to Alden, Bingham & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs.

R. C. Higgins and Miss Mabel, and Miss Ruth Seymour, were Chicago visitors Friday, the young ladies remaining over till Monday.

L. M. Hughes went to Chicago Monday where he visited his wife, and reports that she is not getting along as well as he would like to see her.

The Hillside Cemetery society will give a social and New England dinner at the Woodman hall Nov. 19. Be sure and remember the date.

Jerry Savage returned on Tuesday from a very pleasant and successful hunting trip of six weeks duration in North Dakota with a party of sportsmen.

Lost—At Antioch or vicinity a receipt book belonging to the International Correspondence school of Scranton, Pa., Address A. J. Driekel, room 24, Home Bank Bldg., Elgin, Ill., for reward.

The Ladies Aid society of the Christian church will meet with Mrs. H. D. Hughes, Thursday, Nov. 6. Dinner will be served at noon. All are cordially invited to attend. Mrs. D. Nelson, Sec.

The Elgin football team will be here Saturday, Nov. 8, to play a return game with the high school team. They are practicing every night and their ranks have been strengthened and a good game may be expected.

The Hon. Albert J. Hopkins, candidate for United States Senator, will address the people of Waukegan and surrounding country at the court house on Friday evening, Oct. 31, instead of Saturday, as previously announced.

The Ladies Aid society of the M. E. church will hold their regular meeting on Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 5, in the basement of the church. Supper served from 5 until 7. Everybody invited. Anna I. Karr, Pres.

For Sale or Rent—A farm containing 120 acres, good house, barn and stable for 20 head of cattle and 8 horses, good cellar, well and outhouse. Situated 1 mile north of Hickory and 1/2 mile east.

Andrew Strahan.

Horses For Sale—L. H. Feltner has just arrived home with two car loads of fine horses. All those wishing drivers or draft horses will do well to call and inspect the lot at the R. L. Rodman farm, Walworth, Wis.

Dr. O. E. Mandeville will preach at the Methodist church next Sunday evening and administer the sacrament. The first quarterly conference will be held Monday morning at 9:00 o'clock at the church. Preaching Sunday morning by the pastor, subject "The Book." Sunday school at 11:45; Junior League at 8:00 p. m.; Epworth League at 6:45; evening service at 7:30.

Winter goods at Webb Bros.

Boys overcoats at Webb Bros.

Wool underwear at Webb Bros.

Charlie Hoge and wife will occupy the Cudbon house in the north end of town.

Dr. Karr has been confined to his bed for the past week, but is now improving.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dales were visiting relatives and friends in Chicago Wednesday.

George Huber left for Chicago Tuesday where he probably will remain during the winter.

For Rent—A five room house in good location for rent cheap. Inquire of Mrs. John Efinger, Antioch.

The county candidates, including Congressman Foss, will hold a meeting at Wauconda, Saturday, Nov. 1.

Mrs. F. W. Weigle, of Monroe, Wis., arrived here Monday afternoon and is visiting with Antioch relatives and friends.

I am now prepared to bore tubular wells, 2 and 3 inch, on short notice. Prices reasonable. Address W. G. Hucker, Lake Villa, Ill.

Wayne Pullen returned to Antioch Sunday, having spent the summer in Indian Territory. He will probably remain here during the winter.

Insure your life in the company that will pay you the largest profits on your investment. The New York Life leads all other companies in new business, as well as total insurance in force. It will pay you to investigate. W. T. Hill, agent.

On Friday evening the young people, schoolmates and associates of Miss Ethel Hall, gave a social and dance in her honor at the Woodman hall. Miss Hall's parents left Antioch Monday and the party was given to show the esteem in which she was held by her many young friends.

Telegraphy taught thoroughly and quickly. Greatest demand for telegraph operators ever known. We can place all graduates in excellent positions. Total cost, six months' course, tuition (telegraphy and typewriting) board and room, \$82. This can be reduced. Write us today. Dodge's Institute, Valparaiso, Ind.

A special meeting of the Hillside Cemetery society will be held on Friday, Oct. 31, at 2:00 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. J. J. Morley, for the purpose of voting on the acceptance of the iron fence selected by the committee. All members are requested to be present and any others interested in same. Mrs. J. J. Morley, President.

On Monday Dr. Florence G. Anderson and family left Antioch for their old home at Virginia, Ill. During their stay here they have made many warm friends who regret their departure. Dr. Anderson has met with marked success during her stay here, but a brighter and larger field having opened in her home town has induced her to return there to practice her chosen profession. The News with a host of friends unite in wishing them success in their future home.

There is a good joke going the rounds on one of our local politicians. It seems that a bet was made that a certain party would not head the Antioch delegation to the county convention, and the local politician lost the bet, which was \$5. The money has been lying in the winner's hands till a suitable time when it could be given back as he did not wish to keep it. On Friday when A. K. Stearns was here the money was placed in an envelope and mailed to him with instructions to use it to forward the election of Stearns for the legislature, and was signed by Mr. Stearns. The local politician is now wondering where he is at.

"May you take this lesson home with you, dear friends," concluded the preacher at the end of a long and wearisome sermon, and may its spiritual truth sink deep into your hearts and lives to the end that you may experience salvation. We will bow our heads in prayer. Deacon White will lead. There was no response. "Deacon White, this time in a louder voice, 'Will you respond?'" Still no response. Evidently the sermon was slumbering. The preacher's third appeal and raised his voice. "Which that succeeded in arousing the man. 'Deacon White, will you lead?'" Deacon, in bewilderment, rubbed his eyes and blurted, "Oh, go to, thunder, it is my lead—I just dealt."

**Mail Order Business Large.**

The total volume of business done by the mail order business of Chicago is about \$40,000,000 a year. One firm in Chicago does a trade of \$15,000,000; another \$12,000,000. It is a cash business.

**Pot and Kettle.**

The Russians have never been known as great humorists, but nothing could be more humorous than the Russian ambassador to Turkey urging the sultan to take measures to improve the situation in Macedonia.

## TITLE TO CANAL VALID

### ATTORNEY GENERAL REPORTS TO PRESIDENT

Declares Purchase of Rights by United States Indisputable—Roosevelt now has Authority to act

"For the reasons I have given I am of the opinion that the United States would receive a good, valid and unincumbered title," says Attorney General Knox, in closing his report upon the validity of the title to the Panama canal. The Attorney General's report was handed to President Roosevelt and a synopsis of it was made public. Mr. Knox discusses all phases of the question touching the legality of the purchase, and finds nothing in the laws of France or the organization of the new Panama Canal company to invalidate the title if transferred to the United States; nor can he perceive how there could be any law or equity for subjecting a purchaser of an article sold as assets of a failing corporation to the debts of the partnership.

The report is long, covering 800 pages of printed matter, and is a complete answer to all legal objections raised to the purchase of the Panama canal. The following is a synopsis of the opinion:

The attorney general's opinion to the President on the title which the new Panama Canal company of France offers to the United States of all its rights and property on the Isthmus of Panama, opens with a history of the concessions made by Columbia in 1878, 1890, etc., the formation of the de Lesseps Panama Canal Company of France; the failure of this company in 1888; the transfer in 1894 of all its rights to the present Panama Canal Company of France by the liquidator appointed by the French court to wind up the affairs of the old company, and of the laws passed by France concerning the liquidation of the old company.

The opinion then takes up the principal objections which have been made in this country to the title proposed to be given to the United States. These objections, it says, resolve themselves into reasons in support of the following propositions:

1. That the new Panama Canal company has no power to sell the canal and railway property;

2. That the liquidator of the old Panama Canal company has no power to consent to such sale;

3. That the French courts have no power to authorize the liquidator and the new company, or either of them, to enter into the sale;

4. That, at all events, the United States would take the property as a trust fund, subject to the total obligations to the stockholders, the bondholders and the other creditors of both companies.

The history and nature of French companies of the kind in question are explained at length. They are said to be altogether different from our corporations, but to be easily understood, if looked upon as private partnerships, which is their essential character.

The opinion says that they are in some respects regulated by law, but that these regulations do not change the essential character of the concerns at partnerships, do not establish any title between them and the government, or any obligations from them to the government, and do not forbid the exercise of the liberty to dispose of their property as freely as an individual disposes of his, if no special law forbids and if he is solvent and not under some particular contractual or other like obligations to retain the property. The new Panama company is quite solvent, and there is no law forbidding it to sell.

The powers of the general meeting of stockholders of that company are discussed at length. It is held to have derived from the parent agreement ample power to sell it as it pleased to do.

The title is given as follows:

"For the reasons I have given, I am of the opinion that the United States would receive a good, valid and unincumbered title."

To the opinion are 250 printed pages of exhibits in support of its statements. Also the responses by the French and American counsel of the new Panama Canal company to the objections formulated by the Attorney General, and which had been considered by him independently.

Under the canal act passed by Congress on last July, the President is authorized to pay \$40,000,000 for the rights and

property of the Panama Canal company and negotiate with Columbia and acquire perpetual control of a strip of territory not less than six miles wide extending from the Caribbean sea to the Pacific ocean and to complete the construction of the Panama canal. The President now, being satisfied of the validity of the title, has authority to close the deal for the purchase of the canal; but he will probably not do so until all doubts are removed regarding the treaty with Columbia.

## The Antioch Entertainment Course.

Why may not Antioch have a good entertainment course during the winter months? Not a half charity course but a really good course where all attendants get the "worth of their money." It is proposed to have such a course of six entertainments under the auspices of the Literary Department of the Epworth League of the M. E. Church. The course not to be given for the benefit of any church or society, but to be self supporting and for the benefit of those holding course tickets. It is further proposed to pay as high as \$40 for a single entertainment. All the money will be expended for talent that the Literary Department believes the ever generous public will sustain. The tickets for the full course of six entertainments to be sold for \$1.00. In this undertaking the League solicits the patronage of the public in what appears to them as a worthy cause. The first number of this course will be given at the M. E. Church, Friday evening November 28.

## Daring Bank Robbery.

The boldest bank robbery occurring in Iowa in recent years took place at Prairie City, near Des Moines, Tuesday morning.

The robbers dynamited the safe of the Iowa State bank and secured an amount approximating \$4,000. They exchanged a fusillade of shots with local officers and escaped.

Night Watchman Erskine discovered four men approaching the bank at 1 o'clock. One of the men cornered him and kept him covered with a rifle for three hours; while another broke open the bank door and worked on the safe. The other two men patrolled the street and by a system

## BIG FIRE AT LOON LAKE

### ESCH BROS. ICE HOUSE ENTIRELY CONSUMED

Together With Eight Freight Cars—Supposed to Have Caught From a Spark From Engine.

Sunday morning about nine o'clock the large ice house owned by Esch Bros. and Rabe at Loon Lake, was totally destroyed by fire, entailing a loss upon the company of some \$50,000. The house was built about two years ago and was a large, modern constructed ice plant with all the latest improvements consisting of an electric lighting plant and equipments for the rapid handling of ice.

The house at the time of the fire was partially filled with ice, several rooms however being empty. In addition to the loss of the ice house eight cars belonging to the Wisconsin Central railroad, were burned, five of them being loaded with coal, which will make the total fire loss fully \$80,000.

The fire is supposed to have had its origin from a spark from the engine falling among some wild hay stacked near the ice house. This is the second ice house that Esch Bros. and Rabe have lost within the past six months, a large ice house belonging to the company at Crystal Lake having been burned by lightning during the summer.

We are unable to ascertain the exact amount of insurance, but we understand about one-quarter of its value was carried. The house will be rebuilt at once and be ready to receive the winter's harvest of ice.

## Death of Con. O'Neal.

Con. O'Neal, a fireman on the Hazelhurst and Southern railway, was knocked from his engine Wednesday, October 15th, by a log while releasing a load down a side track at Hazelhurst, and knocked into the lake. His left leg was broken and several ribs fractured. He was taken to the hospital where he died of his injuries the next morning.

Con. O'Neal was born in 1861, in the town of Salem, Kenosha county, Wisconsin. He leaves to mourn his death a kind and loving mother, three sisters and two brothers. The remains arrived at Trevor Saturday evening and were conveyed to the residence of his mother, the funeral taking place Sunday morning at the Catholic church at Wilmet, where the remains were laid to rest in the Catholic church at that place.

That one so young and healthy should be taken away so suddenly is to be deplored. But "Con" has gone to his reward and his sufferings are over. A FRIEND.

## Banquet for Unhappy Husbands.

Very shrewd in their business transactions are the people of Turin, and, as the following incident shows, the sense of humor is also strongly developed in them.

In the local journals recently appeared an announcement that a large banquet would soon be given, at which the only guests would be those husbands in Turin who did not live happily with their wives.

The banquet, in a word, is to be a sort of consolation feast and the utmost care will be taken that, while it is in progress, the unfortunate spouses shall not be interrupted by their wives.—Stray Stories.

## He Was Satisfied.

A negro evangelist in the west has proved to his own satisfaction that Adam, Isaiah, Jeremiah, David, Solomon and even Christ were colored men.

## London's Old Roman Wall.

Parts of London's old Roman wall have been laid bare by the house-breakers now engaged in the demolition of Christ's hospital, Newgate street.

## Notice of Sale.

By virtue of a certain lien now on file in the office of the Circuit Court for feed and labor bestowed at the request of the owner, Alfred E. Case, by Frank W. Smith, against a certain Black Colt known as Sunday, described as follows: Four years old, 15 hand and 2 inches high, weight 900 pounds; jet black except two white hind feet.

Public notice is hereby given that I will expose the above described colt for sale at public vendue as by law in such case made and provided, on the Tenth day of November, A. D. 1902, in front of Simons & Sabin's hotel barn, in the village of Antioch, all in Lake County and State of Illinois. Dated this 29th day of October, A. D. 1902.

F. W. SMITH.

## LOCAL MARKET REPORT.

Corn—	70 lbs. ear.....	80c
Hay.....	.....	\$8 00 @ \$10 00
MILL FEED.		
Barley.....	.....	\$16 00
Middlings.....	.....	20 00
Gluten.....	.....	20 00
Oil Meal, per 100 lbs.....	.....	1 75
Chicken Feed Wheat.....	.....	1 25
HOGS.		
Hog—Live weight.....	.....	\$ 6 25
Hog—Dressed.....	.....	8 80
CATTLE.		
Butcher.....	.....	10 00
Dressed.....	.....	10 00
Beef.....	.....	10 00
Chicken—Live weight.....	.....	8c

## WHY REED WAS GLAD.

### Ex-Speaker Gives Rural Friend a Remarkable Welcome.

Ex-Speaker Reed loves his joke as dearly in these days as ever he did in the times when he was so much in the public eye in Washington.

It is related that the other day he met a friend from a small town in the interior, where in rapid succession the cashier of its principal bank had been found a defaulter, a leading business man had failed dishonorably and been imprisoned, and the county clerk (lying there) had been convicted of misappropriating public funds.

Mr. Reed greeted his friend very enthusiastically, shaking his hand heartily and saying how pleased he was to see him. The friend, somewhat surprised at the extraordinary heartiness, said:

"Mighty glad to see you, Reed, but why all this—er—?"

"Why, because," replied Mr. Reed, "I'm so very glad to see a man from X—who is out of jail."—New York Times.

## DOG WITH DIAMOND TOOTH.

Taken for Treatment to a Veterinary Hospital.

A dog with a diamond set in one of its front teeth was in Philadelphia recently. It was here for medical treatment, and during its stay in the dog ward of a veterinary hospital up town it astonished everybody with its cleverness.

A French poodle, it had chio that the nurses said was truly Parisian. It had also innumerable tricks. You would, for instance, say to it, "show your diamond tooth," and it would curl back its lip in such a manner that the diamond would glitter.

The dog belongs to a wealthy woman of Trenton, N. J. She had the brilliant set in its tooth two years ago. What gave her the idea of this, says the Philadelphia Record, was undoubtedly the sensational story, printed long ago, of the blaze of diamonds that illumines the mouth of Fitzsimmons, the pugilist.

## Animals Gave Warning.

Several hours before the recent earthquake took place in Guatemala a French traveler was taking breakfast at the house of a merchant, in Quetzaltenango, when suddenly a curious thing happened, says the New York Herald.

The fountain in the courtyard ceased to flow, and from its two orifices came sharp, intermittent sounds; the birds in the aviary, which had been singing merrily, became silent and two dogs and a cat, which were in the room, betrayed unmistakable signs of terror.

Hastily rising from the table, the merchant said: "We must hurry away from here, for the animals plainly warn us that some terrible disaster, most probably an earthquake, is at hand."

That very night the city was shaken by an earthquake, and of the merchant's house only the ruins remained.

## Return Good for Evil.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Hembracht of Elgin, Ill., believe in returning good for evil. While the family was absent one night recently a burglar broke open a rear window with an ax, entered the house and secured \$200, one seal skin jacket, two gold watches and a child's savings bank. When Mr. Hembracht discovered the loss he called his sons, and the party started after the thief on horseback. Near Spaulding station they overtook a suspicious character and found the stolen goods on his person. The thief was escorted to the Hembracht home, where the family lectured him on the course he had taken in life. After a promise that he would lead a better life the man was given a square meal and allowed his freedom. He was also offered shelter over night, but he politely refused the offer.

## Ninety-three Courts Eighty-Nine.

It is whispered in Brooklyn that "Old Man Cochrane," aged 93, is courting Mrs. Caroline Stringham, aged 89. On his seven-mile jaunts about to Richmond Hill, Mr. Cochrane wears high boots of rubber so that he can safely wade through all the ponds, mud holes and creeks on the road. He must, indeed, be a boy again, as wading in puddles, etc., is the average boy's original sin. Mrs. Stringham has nine children, twenty-seven grandchildren and fifteen great-grandchildren; lives alone in her own home, does all her cooking, washing and ironing, housecleaning, makes her own clothes, does her marketing, etc., and is ready at any time to dance a quadrille.

## A Quartette of Giants.

The late Justice Gray was a very large man. He must have weighed 300 pounds or more. He was several inches above six feet, and large in proportion. His most intimate friends were also giants in stature—the late Phillips Brooks, Richardson, the famous architect of Boston, and Black- on- McVicar of Rhode Island. These four sons of Anak once made a tour of Europe together, and, of course, attracted attention everywhere because of their enormous size.



# The Iron-Worker's Daughter

BY  
HOWARD FORRESTER.

CHAPTER I.  
"You can't ride rough-shod over me, Bob Peters, and you'd best not try it!"

"What do you mean, talking that way to me?"

"Just what I say."

The sentence cut the air like a whip. There was a snap in the words, snap in the tone, snap in the expression and attitude of the speaker.

The two men looked at each other. They were not unlike in general appearance and age. Possibly the man with the flannel shirt, and check cap on his head, was the stronger and finer looking of the two. Just now his eyes were flashing with anger. His face was red with the heat of the furnace he had faced and the exertion he had put forth in puddling the iron. His shirt was unbuttoned, exposing a neck and shoulders that would have delighted a sculptor. His shirt sleeves, rolled up to his shoulder, revealed a muscular arm. His frame was massive, his head well set on his shoulders, and as he faced Peters he looked like a man capable of holding his own with any man, as, indeed, Dan Atherton had demonstrated time after time.

The man facing him was plainly but decently dressed. But he did not meet Dan Atherton's eye boldly. His manner indicated restraint. He ought to have had the advantage in the wordy encounter, but he seemed to be at a disadvantage. One was the manager, the other was a workman in the Star Iron Works.

"We may as well understand each other, Bob Peters," said the puddler, crossing his arms and looking defiantly at the manager.

"You talk like a fool, Atherton. Are you crazy? If you want to quit, your money is ready for you at the office," said the manager.

"Look here, Peters—if I take that money to-day, and through you, you'll hear from me."

"Poh! Now you are childish."

"I've warned you."

"Who cares for your warning?" exclaimed Peters. "Who is running this mill?"

"That's just what I'd like to ask the owners. You are running it, and a nice mess you are making of it. Ever since we worked in the old Hope mill you've had a grudge against me, Bob. I'm not indebted to you for any good will, nor for my furnace. You want to run it very economically, to please the owners, but you do it at our expense. Oh! you needn't swell now, and curl your lip—it's plain truth, and hundreds in this and other mills know just as well as you and I know how things are working."

"Have you done, Atherton?" demanded the manager, in a grave tone.

"In a minute. The furnace you put me on was run down. It's one of the hardest furnaces in the mill—everybody knows that."

"There, that's enough, Atherton."

"I'm not through, Peters. You haven't had a man on Number Fourteen in two years who brought as much iron out of it as I have. And because I have done it, and held up my end better than any one of your pets, you don't like me. The whole trouble the last two weeks was your fault, not mine. I've asked you twice to repair it, but you've pretended it didn't need it, or you hadn't time—all to get me in disfavor—and like as not, when the time comes, you'll lie about it, and say you wasn't notified. Is that plain enough?"

Peters at that moment was in such a rage he could scarcely speak. He stammered, gulped, then, with a white face, clenched his fist.

"Oh, if that's your kind, I'm your man. Come on."

But a hand was laid on the manager's arm at that critical juncture, and a voice each recognized said:

"Hello! What fool nonsense is this?"

The workman turned to the newcomer with an angry look. The manager looked crestfallen. He wondered how much the newcomer had heard; he suspected he had heard all that passed.

"Nothing's gained by fighting—you two ought to know that."

The remark was an unfortunate one. It recalled contests between these two when they were younger—contests which always exposed Peters to the ridicule of his fellow-workmen. If he could not vanquish Atherton in a hand-to-hand contest, he could show him he was his superior by discharging him.

"What's all the fuss about?"

The manager and workman glared at him. Both thought he knew. It was the puddler, however, who blurted his belief out boldly.

"I guess you know, Gripp. But if you don't, I'll let you into it. If Bob Peters, here, undertakes to ride over me, finding fault with me for not bringing as much out of my furnace as other men in the mills, I'm going to curl every time. I'm going to tell him just where the fault is. I'm not going to play dummy, and let him or any other man put me in a false light with the owners. I don't care if he was manager of forty mills, he nor any other man can make me say white's black, or black's white. There you have it, Gripp."

"Atherton, you are discharged," said Peters. "Go to the office and get your money."

"Suppose I don't take my discharge from you?" said Atherton, with a sneering smile.

He looked around. They were standing under a shed cut entirely off from the view of the laborers in the yard. They had met near it, and involuntarily stepped aside to engage in the wordy encounter both anticipated.

The person who came upon them here was Mr. Jackson Gripp, a gentleman whose business transactions with iron manufacturers led him into and about the mills. He was well known to workmen and owners.

"Suppose I give you something to discharge me for, Peters. You haven't got grounds—I'll give you some."

The iron puddler faced the manager defiantly, placing his hands before him, ready to strike or ward off a blow. His eye was fixed on Peters warily. Gripp looked at the manager, then at the puddler, curiously. The manager was dressed quite.

"Gripp, here, will see fair play. I dare say. I'll trust him. Come on. You've discharged me, but I can stay. The man you think you can ride over,

has a friend in the office more influential than you, Peters. He controls the stock—and can control you. But if you want my furnace for another pet, you are welcome to it. Only I'd prefer to give you better grounds for my discharge. Are you ready?"

For answer, Peters suddenly seized an ax handle from a bundle standing on end at his right hand. The iron worker sprang back. Then he called himself a coward for recoiling; his rage was expressed in his face as he said between his clenched teeth:

"I might have known it, Peters."

He advanced suddenly, in a threatening manner; but before he came within reach of the manager the latter dropped the ax handle and fell back.

He dropped so suddenly that the puddler and Gripp looked around to see if any one were near. The same thought occurred to both—that Peters was felled with a stone or missile of some sort. Then they looked at each other wonderingly, and with one impulse stooped over the fallen man.

Atherton, who was frightened, turned to Gripp with a palling face and trembling voice.

"Mr. Gripp, we'd best send for a doctor, quick."

Gripp placed a hand under the fallen manager's head, and withdrawing it with a shudder, replied:

"I'm afraid it's not much use."

"He ain't dead, Gripp?"

"He's the next thing to it, then," said Gripp.

Then he stood up and looked at the puddler calmly.

"This is a bad business—a very bad business, Mr. Atherton."

The ironworker rose and confronted the other.

"What do you mean, Gripp?"

He scrutinized the solitary witness of the occurrence, anxiously, bending forward in his earnestness. The involuntary action was not unnoticed by Mr. Gripp.

"I said it was a bad business. The man is dead. Feel his head where it struck the lump of iron lying there."

But Atherton, instead of placing his hand on the back of the fallen man's head, placed it over his heart.

"He is living. He's in a faint. Hear him breathe. I'll go for a doctor. You stay by him."

"One word, Atherton."

The puddler looked back impatiently.

"Before you go, let us understand each other."

"What, in the name of heaven, do you mean?" Atherton asked as he wheeled about angrily.

"If I'm sworn to tell the whole truth—mind, the whole truth—and he dies—"

"It is not likely you'll be asked to swear if he lives," Atherton retorted.

"You don't look at it as I do."

Gripp shook his head.

"What you said, even if you hadn't jumped at him."

"Jumped at him? Wasn't I excusable—and him holding an ax handle, lifting it, ready to brain me?"

"Ah! but who was aggravating him? Who threatened? Who said he'd have grounds to discharge them—and went back to old sores, and raked up old scores?"

"Gripp! You infernal—"

Gripp put up a hand sneeringly.

"Best free yourself of this man's blood before you spill mine, Dan Atherton. But I'm not your enemy. Go for help. I'll not tell more than I can help telling—on—on your account. Go now—go!"

When Dan Atherton ran for the doctor, fear, the fear born of a sudden overwhelming horror, lent swiftness to his feet.

## CHAPTER II.

When Atherton returned with the doctor, a little knot of workmen were standing near the door of the office, whither the manager was speedily borne when Gripp made the truth known to the clerks, who had observed the ironworker running past.

The doctor entered the office in his brisk way, glanced at the man lying on the sofa in the back room, felt his pulse and shook his head. Atherton, who was standing at his elbow, opened his mouth to speak, but his question was anticipated by one of the owners, who had entered the mill yard just as the manager was borne to the office.

"What do you say, Doctor?"

"He is dying."

Atherton started. He looked around him guiltily. His hands trembled. He wondered if anybody observed his manner. But all were looking questioningly at the doctor.

"It is apoplexy—and a very bad case at that."

"Is there nothing you can do for him? Do you require assistance—whatever may be needed, command us," said the owner earnestly.

"We can do very little. Your art is futile in many instances—this, I fear, is one of them," said the doctor; "the usual remedy will be tried."

As he spoke, he added, as he took off his coat, and calling upon those near him, bused himself with the insensible manager.

In the meantime, Mr. Meeker was questioning the clerks.

"When did this happen? How long is it since he was seized? Where was Peters?"

The clerks were silent. One made a sign, indicating Mr. Gripp, who was standing near, looking now at the group working with the manager, now at Atherton.

It was worthy of note that Atherton did not at any time meet Mr. Gripp's eye. Once or twice he glanced at Mr. Gripp furtively.

"Mr. Peters," said Gripp in a calm tone, as he looked straight at the owner, "he was talking to Mr. Atherton, in the yard, when he fell—dropped just as if he had been shot. Just a little while ago. Not more than ten or twelve minutes, may be not so long."

"Ah! Where you near?"

"Not near enough to prevent him from falling."

"I see blood on him. How did that come there?"

"I think he struck his head—at least there was a place of iron just where he fell. Mr. Atherton was nearer to him than I was."

"Tell us all about it, Atherton?" said the owner.

rose in his throat as he turned in answer to the question; he trembled as the eyes of those present turned upon him. On their part, they attributed his nervous manner to the shock.

"Indeed, Mr. Meeker, I don't know that I can tell you any more than Mr. Gripp has told you. I met Peters just where he fell. He fell so quick—it was so unexpected—neither of us had time to catch him. His head hit an ugly lump of iron lying at the corner of the shed. That hurt his head."

"Humph!" said the mill owner, in a meditative manner. "Had Peters been doing anything? Lifting, or walking quick, or was he in his usual mood?"

The little office seemed to reel an instant, then Atherton, whose eyes were riveted upon Gripp, controlled himself.

"Why, then, to tell the truth, we had some words about my furnace. Mr. Gripp heard all that passed. I was mad, so was Peters, when this thing happened."

"Ah!" said the owner again; then he looked annoyed.

"I guess," said Atherton, who was now resolved to tell the whole truth, "I'd best just begin at the beginning, and tell you all that passed."

The owner put up a hand, and lowered his voice.

"Hush! Time enough when he dies, and the coroner is called in, as he may be. There is no use making matters worse by letting everybody know he was in a passion. Say no more until you are at ease. Then, if you wish, you can tell Mr. Gripp, and give the necessary testimony. Poor Peters—he was a very faithful man."

The doctor rose up suddenly, and the others felt back filled with the awe sudden death inspires.

"You may say he was now; he is dead, Mr. Meeker."

Then the group in the office shudderingly huddled over and looked down on the dead man. The owner alone had the presence of mind to give the necessary directions.

"Send word—by some discreet person—you, Wilson, break the news to his relatives. He has a brother and sister. And send word to his boarding house. Attend to it at once. Poor Peters—a very faithful fellow he was to us."

As the owner turned away, he brushed his eyelashes. He was inexpressibly shocked. Now that all was over, he wanted to get away. He was a man who had a horror of death. He said to himself he would have the sofa on which Peters died removed at once. He was stepping into his buggy when he turned back to the little knot of clerks.

Of course you'll shut the mill down at once—just as soon as they run the heat out."

Then he sprang into his buggy and drove away. He felt that he must do something to make him forget the dying scene he had just witnessed. The picture Peters presented as he lay on the office sofa seemed so horrible—so awful.

Gripp and Atherton left the office together. The puddler did not look at Gripp. He was inclined to avoid him, but there was something suggestive in Gripp's silence.

"Well?" he demanded suddenly, wheeling about and facing Gripp as they were walking in the mill yard alone.

"Well?" Gripp looked at him with a calculating eye.

"I'm going to tell the truth, Mr. Gripp."

"Do just as you please. I won't interfere."

"Why? What have I to be ashamed of? What have I to be afraid of? You heard the doctor. You heard what Mr. Meeker asked me—and you know how he looked when I told him."

"Oh! do as you please."

"Why shouldn't I do as I please, Mr. Gripp? I've done pretty much as I pleased all my life. I've never acknowledged any man as my ruler. Why shouldn't I make a clean breast of it?"

Gripp smiled. It was an evil smile. It excited apprehension. Then the puddler bethought himself of the meaning Gripp might take out of his language.

"Well—there's nothing to make a clean breast about, come to think of it."

"Then you oughtn't to use the words."

"You know what I mean—I was going to whip him, or he would have whipped me. But no man living can say I ever took advantage of a man, even in a fight—which is as much, maybe more, than you can say, Gripp."

Mr. Gripp remarked that the "mister" was dropped now. He smiled again—and now his smile was very crafty.

"You smile. What are you looking at me like that for?" demanded Atherton.

"I'm no more his murderer than you are. It was himself—his passion. I'm sorry it ought to be a lesson to us. But I don't like your way of talking, and—"

Here the puddler looked about him, lowered his voice, and added, "I don't like your infernal smile, Gripp, as if you were wiser than me, or had the upper hand of me somehow."

"I suppose I can't live if you don't like me," said Gripp. "You can make a clean breast of it, as you say—but if I were you, I wouldn't. I don't think it will read well in print. I'm sure it won't make you any friends."

The calm air of superiority Gripp assumed produced the precise effect he intended. It goaded Atherton, who looked at him with lowering brows and a firm mouth. There was a dangerous light in the ironworker's eyes as he said, quite coolly now:

"Gripp, you mind your business—I'll mind mine. And don't you give advice until you are asked for it."

Then the puddler walked away and entered the mill, leaving Mr. Gripp to go on his own way.

The sudden death of the manager occupied the thoughts of the hundreds of workers in the great iron mill. Atherton was questioned by dozens of his fellows as he made his way to his furnace. He was compelled to answer the same question a score of times.

There were some who looked at him sharply. They suspected he knew more than he told. They knew he had, from the hour he was assigned to his furnace, failed to secure the good will of the manager. He had never deferred to Peters—bore himself in the manager's presence as a trifle more exactly than when he was dealing with his fellow-workmen.

There were a few who recalled the passages between the two men before Atherton lost his time and money on a patent that proved to be worthless, while they were employed in the same mill. These recollected that Atherton was always rated a more skillful worker and mauler than Peters; but now that Peters was dead, they were disposed to obey the precept which bids us speak no evil of the dead.

Atherton's work was done. The workmen required the prompting that he gave from the office. The manager was preparing to quit when others came to cease work. Atherton, whose thoughts were on the dead man, and whose conscience upbraided him for pressing a quarrel that was the indirect means of shortening Peters' life, had his coat and dinner pail in his hands. He looked about him to see that everything was as it should be, and was turning to step out of the side of the open mill, when he heard a shout, and observed the workmen near him looking in a startled way toward the machinery.

Atherton turned his head. The sight he beheld caused him to toss his coat and pail from him. The puddler leaped forward with a loud cry.

## HE DROGGED THE TIP.

Rather Rough on the Barber, but the Customer Faved a Dime.

"Well, suh," said the barber as the man stepped out of the chair after having had his hair cut, "an' how does yo' all loko it, suh?"

The man stood before the looking glass and surveyed his head carefully and admiringly.

"Well," he said, after a pause, "I've had my hair cut all over the world, and—"

"Yaas, suh," commented the black barber, delightedly.

"And by all kinds and colors of barbers. I've had my zazas clipped in Hongkong and I've had 'em razed in Port Said."

"Yaas, suh," gurgled the barber, feeling the tip already in his mitt.

"I've had ships' barbers in the South seas reap my harvest of hirsute, and—"

"Yaas, indeed, suh," chimed in the overjoyed barber.

"And I've had my tresses toyed with by the artistic ducks on the Rue des boulevard in Paris. But this—this—"

"Yaas, suh," put in the barber, expectantly.

"This," continued the man, as he slipped on his coat, "is the very rottenest apology for a rough-house hemphop that I ever saw in my life," and he clapped on his hat and fled.

"That was about the only way in the world," he muttered as he got out into the open air, says the Washington Post, "that I could have the necessity of coughing up to that barber the dime that I required so badly in my business."

## MAIL ORDER BUSINESS.

Great Growth of the Business Shown by Chicago Houses.

The total volume of business done by the mail order houses of Chicago, writes William E. Curtis, in the Record-Herald, is about \$40,000,000 a year. It is peculiar to Chicago, although there are imitators in several other cities.

One firm in Chicago does a trade of \$15,000,000; another \$12,000,000. It is a cash business. The money must accompany the order. About 40 per cent of their receipts are in postoffice money orders, 30 per cent in express orders, 20 per cent in currency that comes in ordinary letters and 10 per cent in postage stamps. People are very careless about sending money, and it is the highest possible tribute to the honesty and efficiency of the postal service that so little is lost. The other day one of the big firms received a \$100 bill and seven silver dollars in an ordinary envelope so thin that the coins could be counted through the paper, and every postoffice clerk that handled the letter must have known that it contained silver money. Nor is this exceptional. One firm here receives not less than \$3,000,000 annually in currency through the mails and the clerk in charge tells me that while there are mistakes and losses every day, they are comparatively insignificant and are due to the carelessness of the senders rather than to the dishonesty of the postoffice employees.

## Had True Christian Spirit.

An exchange unusual if not unprecedented in church history and marked by the spirit of true brotherly feeling lately took place between the Methodists and Lutherans in Roanoke, Va. When they were at the height of their prosperity the Lutherans built a handsome stone house of worship, which cost them \$80,000 and which seats 700 persons. They got a fine organ and everything of the best and costliest style and in their enthusiasm expended more than they intended and had to borrow \$18,000. Then came a squabble about the pastor and the choir, the attendance fell off and the congregation was sadly divided, until, having lost its best men, the society found it difficult to raise the money to pay the interest on the debt in addition to the regular running expenses. In the meantime the Methodists had prospered and needed a new and larger church. The Lutherans heard of it and offered the trade. The offer was accepted. The Methodists took the \$80,000 church off their hands, assumed the mortgage of \$18,000, paid them \$20,000 cash and gave them in exchange their old house of worship.

## Rather an Odd Coincidence.

"So that young man wants to marry you?" said Mabel's father.

"Yes," was the reply.

"Do you know how much his income is?"

"No, but it's an awfully strange coincidence."

"What do you mean?"

"Herbert asked the very same question about you."—Washington Times.

## Uncovering Pompeii.

At the present rate of progress seventy years will elapse before Pompeii is entirely uncovered. It is thought as much treasure remains as has been exhumed.

## The Oldest Perfumes.

The oldest perfumes were those recovered from Egyptian tombs, 1,600 to 2,000 years before the Christian era.

# POLITICAL COMMENT.

Issues Between the Parties.

The issues between the parties are as sharply defined as they were in 1900. The Democratic party is committed to the same policies, and the leaders are urging them with more vehemence and cunning than in 1900. However, Mr. Cleveland, Mr. Hill and other conservative Democrats may differ from Mr. Bryan and Mr. Johnson, they all agree in demanding a reversal of our present tariff policy and the adoption of a tariff for revenue only.

This is particularly an issue in the congressional campaign, and in the campaign text book issued by authority of the Democratic congressional committee 126 pages are given to assaults on the tariff and to arguments in favor of what the committee, dropping all disguise, calls free trade.

Under the head of "Imperialism," 115 pages in the same text book are given to misrepresentation of President Roosevelt's Philippine policy, to slanders of our army, and to arguments in favor of abandoning the islands. The compiler of the book goes, "by authority of the committee," as far in malicious falsehood and as low in slander as did Senators Carmack, Rawlins and Tillman in the Senate last winter. The Democratic party makes an issue of the Philippine war, and stands in opposition to every feature of Republican policy.

David B. Hill, in speeches delivered in the last two weeks, has gone further than Mr. Bryan in advocacy of socialistic doctrines. In bidding for

When that step is taken—when the results of publicity are seen—then other steps may be necessary. One of these steps may have to be a revision of the tariff. But to insist upon taking that possible step now is both unnecessary and reckless.

For we cannot, without endangering prosperity, curb the trusts and revise the tariff at the same time. Our industrial situation is too complex thus to be dealt with on all sides at once. To take up both these questions would call in question the whole foundation upon which our industrial system is built.

All lines of industry would halt until the uncertainty as to their future should be ended. The mill would work upon positive orders only. The merchant would buy only what he felt sure he could sell at once. Consumers would purchase for immediate needs only. Producers would have to wait until the terms upon which they should hereafter produce were determined. And such conditions are what we call "hard times."

When confronted with such a situation, in which the welfare of all the people is bound up, it is evidently behooves the nation and its chosen leaders to move cautiously. Complete success in the whole task can be achieved only by doing one thing at a time.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Agree with Henderson.

Speaker Henderson has declined a re-nomination to Congress because he is not in full sympathy with all the Republicans of his district regarding the

## WHY THERE IS NO HARMONY.



—Chicago Inter Ocean.

the socialistic and populist vote, he advocated confiscation of the coal mines. The coal strike in the anthracite regions was settled by President Roosevelt in accordance with law and the principles of fairness, but Mr. Hill's declaration of a socialistic principle to be applied to a like crisis is an issue between the parties.

In fact, the Republican party, by the action of Mr. Hill and others, stands more directly facing the issues of Populism than in 1900. The Republican party is opposed in the congressional and State campaigns on its Philippine policy, on the tariff, on its Cuban policy, and most particularly are the Democratic leaders opposed to the President's course in attempting to control the trusts.

There are many issues between the parties, and "the time-honored, time-tested principles of the Republican party," that have given such prestige and prosperity to the nation, are being opposed violently and persistently. In no campaign since the copperhead campaign of 1864 have Republican policies been assailed with such malevolence as in this congressional campaign of 1902.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

One Thing at a Time.

The decision reached by the President and the leading Republican Senators with whom he has conferred, not to attempt tariff revision at the next session of Congress is the only sane expedient at this time.

The industrial situation in this country is not so abstract mathematical problem to be solved upon general principles. The great field of American prosperity, the wheat and the tares are so intermingled that to adopt any sweeping method for removing the tares is to run great risk of destroying the wheat as well.

The question is: Which do the people desire the more—that the overweening abuses of the trusts be curbed or that the incidental hardships of the tariff be removed?

To that question sober and practical men have but one answer. Protection benefits millions who neither gain nor lose by the trusts. Therefore let the tariff alone and attend to the trusts.


The first step toward curbing trust evils is plainly indicated by the facts and practically agreed upon by all concerned. It is that these great corporations shall give a wholesome publicity to their doings. That step can injure no legitimate enterprise, and will be opposed by no man whose intentions are really honest.



[illegible]

**WOMEN'S  
APPAREL**

**A Special Sent Catalogue Free**



Write today for our Special Catalogue. Illustrations showing a large line of the very latest fashions in women's wearing apparel, consisting of hats, cloaks, tailor-made suits, skirts, coats and silk waist, and everything that a fashionable woman could want. Both our ready-made and made-to-order garments give perfect satisfaction at a price far below what you could pay elsewhere. Our plan, adopted long ago, of selling direct to you, saving the extra profits, enables us to do this.

Just a postal sent today will bring this splendid catalogue to any address outside of Chicago or Cook County. Address

**MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,**  
**Chicago**

NOTE:—Our completely equipped dress-making organization enables us to make garments to your order with a certainty of fitting you properly. Prices very moderate. **"MONTGOMERY WARD & CO."**

## WET WEATHER HATS



**MADE BY THE MAKERS OF**

**ON SALE  
EVERYWHERE  
FREE  
CATALOGUES  
OF  
GARMENTS  
AND  
HATS  
BY  
J. TOWER &  
CO.  
BOSTON,  
MASS.**

**TOWER'S**



**FISH BRAND  
SLICKERS**

**HAVE THE SAME POINTS  
OF EXCELLENCE AND GIVE**

**PLANT**

**HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL**  
FOR **SPRAINS & BRUISES**  
ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

**B. N. U. No. 44-1902**

Patent Machine—mends anything, hoists

Underwear, ladies cloths, curtains, linens, carpets, quilts,  
by a new prepaid s.c. Detroit Mail Order Co., Detroit

**He Has Twelve Toes.**  
John Luke of Portland, Ore., was born blessed with a total of twenty-four digits, six fingers on each hand and six toes on each foot. Luke is now a private in Company F, Seventh United States Infantry, stationed at Vancouver, a suburb of Portland, across the Columbia river, in the State of Washington. While Luke came into the world with such a surplus of fingers and toes, he is less abundantly supplied now, and, in fact, has less than the regulation number. At the time of his birth, when it was discovered that young Luke had so many digits, the surgeon amputated one finger from each hand. The father would not consent to the removal of any of the toes, and thus he grew to manhood. When he entered the army a few weeks ago it was found that owing to the abnormal size of his feet, he was unable to wear the regulation shoes of the largest size. The surgeon of the regiment recommended that Luke undergo an operation for the removal of a number of his toes, and he did so, two toes being removed from each foot. It is anticipated that when he recovers Luke will be able to wear the regulation shoes like his comrades.—Philadelphia Ledger.

**On the Verge of Bright's Disease.**  
A Quot Cure that Lasted.  
CASE NO. 30,011.—C. E. Boles, dealer in grain and feed, 505 South Water Street, Akron, O., made the following statement: "I have been afflicted with the Evil Urine I have had attacks of kidney and bladder trouble, decidedly worse during the last two or three years. Although I consulted physicians, some of whom told me I was verging on Bright's disease, and I was continuing to take medicine, the most excruciating aching just across the kidneys, which radiated to the shoulder blades, still existed. As might be expected when my kidneys were in a disturbed condition, there was a distressing and inconvenient constipation with the need of the drastic cathartic, a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Lamparter & Co.'s drug store, brought such a decided change within a week that I continued the treatment. The last attack, and it was particularly

**Three Years After.** "In the spring of 1890 I made a public statement of my experience with Doan's Kidney Pills. This remedy cured me of a terrible aching in the kidneys, in the small of my back, in the muscles of the shoulder blades, and in the limbs. During the years that have gone by I can conscientiously say there have been no recurrences of my old trouble. My confidence in Doan's Kidney Pills is stronger than ever, not only from my personal experience, but from the constant testimony of others in Akron, which have come to my notice."

**A FREE TRIAL** of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Boies will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

**Winner's Loss.**  
They were good friends, and in their early days of indifference to femininity had signed and sealed a contract which directed that the first one married was to pay \$25 to the other.

Cupid in a freakish mood turned their attention to the same girl and in the end one of them captured the prize. The friendship that had stood the rivalry without a crack did not break when the announcement of the wedding came from a nearby city.

Nothing daunted, the friend and disappointed lover sent the following telegram to his successful rival:

"I win and you lose, because you lose and I win."—Memphis News.

**Her Opinion.**  
Patience—When he proposed, do 'you suppose the words came from his mouth or from his heart?  
Patience—Both, I guess. He looked as if his heart was in his mouth.

**ELY'S LIQUID OREAM BALM** is prepared for sufferers from nasal catarrh who use an atomizer in spraying the diseased membranes. As the healing and soothing properties of Cream Balm are retained in the new preparation, it does not dry up the secretions. Price, including spraying tube, 75 cents. At druggists or Ely Bros., 50 Warren street, New York, mail it.

**Soot of Pain.**  
Blif—Green called me a liar yesterday.  
Bang—Did he hurt your feelings?  
Blif—Not half as much as I hurt his jaw.

Ilives are a terrible torment to the little folks, and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. Sold by any drug store, 50 cents.

**Ho Rang Off.**  
 "Ho" by "central" called the man at the phone, "Give me the gas office."  
 "Yes, sir," replied the operator, "but I must wait for your advance that we cannot tolerate any more hanging over the wire."  
 —Philadelphia

Hundreds of people came every year by having Dr. Tilden's Curative Oil in the house just where the Curative Oil heals burns, and of every sort.

New York was named from the title of the Duke of York; afterwards James II. who took the city from the Dutch in 1664. The Dutch called it New Amsterdam.

The present population of Greater New York is 2,530,000—just two millions more than Munich.

There are 470,040 separately assessed pieces of real estate in New York this year.

**Hall's Catarrh Cure.**  
Is a constitutional cure. Price 75 cents.

---


It cost over \$85,000 to police the British House of Parliament last year.

---

Mrs. Austin's Pancake Flour makes lovely pancakes, muffins and gems. So good you always ask for more.

St. John's Skin Tonic. See adv.

**THE PUBLIC**



Joseph W. Folk is looked upon as the man of the hour in St. Louis. He has brought to bay the men who are alleged to have robbed the city by resorting to bribery, and now he declares he will land them in the penitentiary. Mr. Folk was born in Tennessee. For years he was a struggling young lawyer in St. Louis. Then he was elected circuit attorney. There is nothing particularly tempting about this position. It consists of supervising the prosecution of all criminal trials in his county. But Mr. Folk proceeded to make something out of the place by getting after the hoodlums who have infested St. Louis for the last twenty years. At first he was laughed at, but now he is feared by those who jeered at him and is being congratulated by the respectable element in St.

To Marquis Ito, both in and out of Japan, was ascribed the credit for the negotiations of the Anglo-Japanese treaty of mutual protection against the aggression of Russia in the Orient. Though the marquis was resigning the premiership of Japan seemed to retire from politics, it is evident that he resigned to perform an even greater political mission. He made his tour of the world, passing through this country and visiting London and St. Petersburg. The trip seemed innocent enough, but he was really on a secret mission. Before he reached home, the negotiation of the treaty was announced.

Congressman Charles Edgar Littlefield, who will be requested by President Roosevelt to draft an anti-trust bill for consideration next Congress, is the representative of the Second District of Maine and was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Congressman Dingley. Mr. Littlefield is a native of Lebanon, Me., and is 51 years old. He was admitted to the bar in 1870, became a member of the Maine Legislature in 1885, and Speaker in the following year. He served as Attorney General of Maine from 1889 to 1893.

"Little Hell," in Chicago, is to have a church. Rev. Dr. John H. Boyd of the First Presbyterian Church of Evanston, has told the members of his congregation that the lowly are too much overlooked by the high. He believes that mission work should be undertaken in the dark districts of the city. His congregation thinks as he does, for the present year alone have been taken to institute a new mission in "Little Hell."

and to carry on settlement work. Dr. Boyd has been head of his present church for the past seven years and has made wonderful strides in his work. He was born in Mississippi.

Admirers of Mr. Rosewater, who is the editor and publisher of the Omaha Bee, claim that he is one of the great newspaper men of the country. He has come into prominence by bolting the nomination of Congressman David H. Mercer, who has represented the Omaha district since 1892. The sensational action of the editor is interpreted variously. Some think he was actuated by party loyalty, others are of the opinion that he was actuated by adoption as a means of "getting even" with a personal enemy. So much is certain, however, the action has caused a stir of more than local interest.

Interest in Senator William P. Frye of Maine is revived by the rumor that he is again to marry, his wife having died about 18 months ago. His first wife was Caroline Spence, and the

lady to whom he is now reported to be engaged is Miss Ellen May of Portland, Me. The Senator is now 72 years of age. Forty-one years ago he founded his debt in public life as a member of the Maine Legislature. He was a presidential elector in 1864, was first elected to Congress in 1874 and has represented Maine in the Senate for twenty-one years.

Miss Ethel Voile, otherwise known as Trislie, the girl who met with the accident in the slide-for-life from the water

works tower at Stillwater, O. T., died from her injuries. She was 10 years old and lived at Joplin, Mo.

Fire wiped out the entire business portion of Gervais, Ore., two blocks of frame buildings being destroyed. The loss is \$50,000.

New trial granted James Wilcox, Ellsworth City, N. C., under sentence to be

changed for the murder of Nellie Cropper.

**He Was Absent-Minded.**  
Esbjorn, a Swedish gentleman fond of telling anecdotes and incidents, gathered during a recent visit to his native country, is responsible for this addition to the "absent-minded man" series:  
A professor in one of the Swedish universities, having finished his labors for the day, was about to start home when a fellow professor called his attention to the violent storm raging outside and said: "Why go home? Better remain at the college to-night."  
He walked over to the window and surveyed the situation. "Yes, I think I will," he replied, nonchalantly, an all-absorbing tople of the class room yet in mind.  
Soon afterward he was missing, says the New York Times, and it was supposed he had changed his mind and gone home, but later he reappeared with a bundle under his arm and showing evidences of having been exposed to the storm. Something was said regarding his errand.  
"Why, he replied, 'I've been home for my nightshirt.'"

of the world and a shrewd and caustic wit, as well as the rector of St. Mary's Church at Welwyn.

It was here, in the garden of the rectory, that he composed some of the best impromptu verses known. He was walking with two ladies when some one summoned him to the house. His companions were agreeable, and he was in no haste to leave them. Turning as he reached the gate, he said:

Thus Adam look'd when from the garden driven;  
And thus disputed orders sent from heaven.

Like him I go, and yet to go am loath;  
Like him I stay, for men's drive as both.

Hard was his fate, but mine still more unkind;  
His Eve went with him, but mine stays behind.

**As Others Sees Us.**

"Now, wouldn't that jar you!" exclaimed

Nagbany as he finished perusing a letter containing news not to his liking. "By George, I'd like to be the fool killer for about ten minutes. There would be something doing."

"Well, I'm glad you are not," replied Mrs. Nagbany. "You might disgrace the family."

"In what way?" asked Nagbany.

"By committing suicide," calmly replied the long-suffering but patient female.

**Helped Everybody.**

Galveston, Texas, Oct. 27.—Mrs. L. E. Burton, formerly of Eureka, Kan., has been at 507 Gladstone street, this city, for some time. While here Mrs. Burton has been the means of doing much good by introducing to her sick friends a remedy which seems to be very popular in Kansas, but which has not been very much heard of in this neighborhood. It is called Dodd's Kid-

ney Pills and in every case where it has been used it has produced wonderful results.

Mr. Burton has good reason to speak well of Dodd's Kidney Pills, for they have done much for her and her family. She says: "I must tell everybody what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for me and for so many of my friends as have used them.

"I had a very bad case of Kidney Trouble, for which I had been doctoring for a long time without benefit. I now Dodd's Kidney Pills recommended, and tried them, and was completely cured. My mother and my brother were ill and they took them and were soon well again.

"Dodd's Kidney Pills have done much for us."

**Happy Medium.**  
 Rodrick.—So the meeting of the Woman's Suffrage Club has adjourned. Did they decide on bloomers or dresses?  
 Van Albert.—Well, they were divided, Rodrick.—Hm! Then they should have decided on divided skirts.—Chicago Daily News.

**Energy all gone? Headache? Stomach out of order? Simply a case of torpid liver. Burdock Blood Bitters will make a new man or woman of you.**

Some women think more of their hats than of their husbands, and the hats are not always to blame for it either.

**FITS** Permanently Cured. Notice of harmonious mother. Best day's use of Mr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Remove all WICKS and all local irritants and treat with Dr. J. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

**Mr. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP** for Children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

**WALDO'S**  
CANDY CANS  
THEY WORK WITH YOU

**ANNUAL**  
**10,000,000**  
**Greatest in**  
A MILLION AMERICAN NU  
selves and their babies in spl  
Candy Cathartic. The wonde  
mamas and their babies hav

words of those who have tried  
nearly A MILLION BOXES A  
OARIT, baby gets the benefit  
regulates her system, increases  
gets the effect diluted and a  
natural result. No more sour  
worms, restless nights. All drug  
COO. Sample and booklet free

# GOVERNOR OF OREGON

Uses Pe-ru-na in His Family  
For Colds and Grip.



CAPITOL BUILDING, SALEM, OREGON.

A Letter From the Executive Office of Oregon.

Pe-ru-na is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Letters of congratulation and commendation testifying to the merits of Pe-ru-na as a catarrh remedy are continually in the house. In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman he says:

STATE OF OREGON,  
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,  
MAY 2, 1898.

drawn in from every State in the Union. Hartman is receiving hundreds of letters from all parts of the country. These letters, from the highest to the lowest, all agree that Pe-ru-na is the catarrh remedy of the age. The stage and rostrum, recognizing catarrh as their greatest enemy, are unanimous in their praise and testimony.

Any man who wishes perfect health must be entirely free from catarrh. Catarrh is well-nigh universal; almost everyone has it. It is not only a twofold, but a threefold evil. It is the beginning of catarrh. To prevent colds, to cure colds, is to chunt catarrh out of its hiding place. Catarrh is the only preventive. Every household should be supplied with this great remedy for coughs, colds, and so forth.


The Governor of Oregon is an ardent admirer of Pe-ru-na. He keeps it con-

The Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio:

Dear Sirs—I have had occasion to use your Pe-ru-na medicine in my family, for colds and catarrhs, and have found it a most efficient remedy. I have not had occasion to use it for other ailments.

Yours very truly, W. M. Lord.

It would be noticed that the Governor says he has not had occasion to use Pe-ru-na for other ailments. The reason for this is, most other ailments begin with colds. Using Pe-ru-na to promptly cure colds, he protects his family against other ailments. This is exactly what every other family in the United States is doing. Keep Pe-ru-na in your house. Use it for croupis, colds, la grippe, and other climatic affections of winter, and there will be no other ailments. Every family should have it, and should provide themselves with a copy of Dr. Hartman's free book, entitled "Winter Catarrh." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

FOR TWO GENERATIONS  
MEXICAN  MUSTANG LINIMENT  
HAS BEEN THE FARMER'S FRIEND AND A HOUSE-  
HOLD NECESSITY. PAIN LEAVES WHEN MUSTANG  
LINIMENT ARRIVES — FOR MAN OR BEAST

**20% Month on Everything You Buy**

the Youth's Companion Calendar Free.

The publishers of The Youth's Companion are sending free to new subscribers to the paper for 1903 a very handsome Calendar, lithographed in twelve colors, and containing the most reliable and up-to-date inside home gene which forms the principal feature of the Calendar is suitable for framing. The Calendar is sold to subscribers for 50 cents, but to new subscribers for 1903 it is sent free, with the 11 issues of The Companion for the remaining weeks of 1902, the paper then being sent for a full year, to January, 1903.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION.  
44 Berkeley Street, Boston, Mass.

Difficult.  
Writing.

St. John's Skin Tonic

the high rate of speed? You are going at it all right.

Chaufeur—Shure, yer honor. O' was n't trying to get home before the power ave out.

No matter how long you have had the cough, if it hasn't already developed into consumption, Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup will cure it.

In some German cities it is customary to fire street car conductors, who are thus enabled to add from \$4 to \$8 a month to their income.

JUNE TINT BUTTER COLOR makes top of the market butter.

While volcanic eruptions are usually restricted in area earthquakes are not.

No trouble to prepare quick breakfasts if you have Mrs. Austin's famous Pancake Flour. Ready in a moment.

Specialize, why not? Get your own business plan for the purpose of placing it before the public. Send me, in stamps for trial package.

715 E. Second St., Chicago, Ill. S. W. Madison Street, Chicago. Price \$60 per box. All drugists.


**BUY A GOOD IOWA FARM**

100 acres,	\$2,600 in good improvements,	160 acres,	100 "	\$2,000 "
150 "	" " " "	200 "	150 "	" " "
200 "	" " " "	250 "	200 "	" " "
250 "	" " " "	300 "	250 "	" " "
300 "	" " " "	350 "	300 "	" " "
350 "	" " " "	400 "	350 "	" " "
400 "	" " " "	450 "	400 "	" " "
450 "	" " " "	500 "	450 "	" " "
500 "	" " " "	550 "	500 "	" " "
550 "	" " " "	600 "	550 "	" " "
600 "	" " " "	650 "	600 "	" " "
650 "	" " " "	700 "	650 "	" " "
700 "	" " " "	750 "	700 "	" " "
750 "	" " " "	800 "	750 "	" " "
800 "	" " " "	850 "	800 "	" " "
850 "	" " " "	900 "	850 "	" " "
900 "	" " " "	950 "	900 "	" " "
950 "	" " " "	1,000 "	950 "	" " "

1,000 = three lots improvements. Very cheap.  
All good land in eastern Iowa. Write for map and list of other farms for sale, rent and exchange. Good percent Iowa farm mortgages for sale.  
Send for Circular and plan U.S. Pension Bureau.  
Northern Iowa Land Co., Independence, Iowa.

**PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS**,  
Washington, D. C.  
**Successfully Prosecutes Claims**.  
I am a former Civil War Soldier  
in the Civil War, I am adjudicated claimant, my case  
SOMETHING NEW! LADIES BEAUTY PINK  
We doan want to say nothing more. They are honest  
and true. Ask for them at  
MORRIS & CO., Dept. J, Pueblo, Colo.  
S. N. U. No. 44-1002

IN writing to Advertiser, please do not fail to mention you saw the advertisement in this paper.



**THARTIC**  
HILE YOU SLEEP

**SALE**  
**100 BOXES**  
**for the World**

**URSING MOTHERS** keep them-  
selves and their babies in good  
health with OASCARETS. The  
many good things OASCARETS do for  
you and your baby become known through kind  
word of mouth.

**100 BOXES**  
**for the World**

A black and white illustration of a mother nursing her baby. The mother is shown from the chest up, looking down at the baby. The baby is lying on its back, nursing. The illustration is simple and stylized, with bold lines.

them, and so the sale is now MONTH. Mama takes a CASH.

The sweet, palatable tablet, eaten by the nursing mother, gives her flow of milk, and makes her milk mildly purgative. Baby gets part of the natural food - no violence - no danger - perfectly safe in baby's stomach - no more wind colic, cramps, convulsions, colic, 10c, 25c, 50c New York, N. Y. Genuine tablet stamped with the name of the manufacturer.

Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.



# THE NEWS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY  
**A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher**  
By Mail, One Dollar Per Year in Advance.  
THE NEWS Guarantees a Larger, Bonafide  
Circulation in Western Lake County, than  
Any Paper Published in the State.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

## REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Election Tuesday, November 4, 1902.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court,  
**CHRISTOPHER MAMER.**  
For State Treasurer,  
**FRED A. BUSSE**  
For State Superintendent Public Instruction,  
**ALFRED S. BAYLESS**  
For Trustees State University,  
**WILLIAM B. MCKINLEY**  
**MRS. LAURA B. DYALS**  
**L. H. KERRICK**  
For Clerk of Appellate Court, Second District,  
**CHRISTOPHER C. DUFFY**  
For Member of Congress,  
**GEORGE EDMOND FOSS**  
For Representatives in General Assembly,  
**EDWARD D. SHIRTLIFF**  
**GEORGE R. LYON**  
For County Judge,  
**DEWITT L. JONES**  
For County Clerk,  
**ALBERT L. HENDEE**  
For Treasurer,  
**L. C. PRICE**  
For Sheriff,  
**GEORGE N. POWELL**  
For Superintendent of Schools,  
**FRANK N. GAGGIN.**

## To the Voters of Lake County.

As this is the last publication before election, we wish to call the attention of the voters of Antioch Township and Lake County to the duty they owe to the nominees of the Republican party at the coming election on Tuesday next.

For Member of Congress we have a man who has represented this district with honor to himself and credit to his constituents. One can not gain the prominence that George Edmond Foss has, in one year in Congress, but it takes many years before he is recognized. He has risen step by step until now he is a member of one of the most important committees, namely, the Naval Committee, in which he is recognized as one worthy of the confidence of his colleagues in all important measures pending in that body. He is deserving of your support and we trust will receive at your hands the largest vote Lake County has ever given him.

As representative in the General Assembly you will be called upon to cast your ballot for George R. Lyon and Edward D. Shirtiliff. As at this coming session of the legislature a very important duty will confront the members in the selection of a United States Senator, it is very important that you return to that body tried and true men that can be relied on to cast their vote for a Republican Senator. As there are but eight or ten Republican majority in the legislature it would not take but a few independents in that body to imperil the chances of the selection of a Republican Senator, therefore it is your duty to see that George R. Lyon is returned as a member from Lake County. He is from that pioneer stock which has made Illinois and Lake County what they are today in worlding the destinies of the nation. He has been tried and found true, and no one can point to a dishonest act that he has committed while a member of that body. Go to the polls on election day and vote for Mr. Lyon and Mr. Shirtiliff and you will never have the finger of scorn pointed at the state of Illinois because she has not made a good selection, through these gentlemen, of a Republican United States Senator.

The next important office on the ticket is that of County Judge. In the selection for that office the people have chosen a man who has that reverence and respect that is due to the office, Judge DeWitt L. Jones, who has served the people of Lake County faithfully and well. The widow and the orphan have received kind and courteous treatment at his hands and they look up to him as a father, and well they may, for no more worthy, upright and honest man has ever filled this important office. He is often called upon to occupy the bench of the courts at Chicago where his able counsel is sought by those who recognize in him an able jurist.

Albert L. Hendee, for the office of County Clerk you are all more or less acquainted with, and those who have had occasion to visit him in his office have always received courteous treatment at his hands and are proud to know that he has been tried and not found wanting. He has served the people of Lake County in the capacity of clerk for a number of years and no better selection could have been made.

For the important office of County Treasurer will be found the name of Louis C. Price, of Wauconda. Mr. Price was born in Lake County and has long been identified with its business growth. In his home town and at the County Seat he commands that respect which is due an honest man. His word is as good as his bond. He has been in the mercantile business at Wauconda and is honored and respected by all who know him. The funds of Lake County will be placed in the hands of a man who will account for every penny, and those who will have occasion to visit his office will not be given the cold shoulder, but will receive the glad hand of welcome and their business transacted with dispatch worthy the business man.

For County Sheriff, George N. Powell, of Waukegan, was the people's choice.

Mr. Powell possesses those qualifications for an ideal sheriff and will prove himself a terror to the law-breakers. He has been Chief of Police of Waukegan and is in every way fitted for the office.

The most important office in the county and the one involving the future development of the youth is that of County Superintendent of Schools, and in Prof. F. N. Gaggin, of Antioch, we have that ideal type of manhood. Frank N. Gaggin is what may be called a self-made man. He has made his own way through the public schools and taught in its district, but not satisfied with always remaining at the bottom of the ladder he worked his way through Valparaiso and fitted himself for a higher field of usefulness, and the people of Lake County have made no mistake in selecting him to fill this important office. In one of Mr. Foss' recent addresses in enology of the County Candidates he said "I predict for him at no distant day a brilliant future." This coming from a man who is associated with all the brilliant minds of the Capital is a compliment worthily bestowed. Frank N. Gaggin has that tender solicitude for all that has made him honored by all who know him. As principal of the Antioch school he has met with success and in the responsible position of County Superintendent he will meet with that same success, and you will be proud of him. The schools throughout the county will be raised to a higher standard, the teachers will be instructed to instill into the mind of their pupils the responsible positions that await them on graduating to begin the battle of life and the upbuilding of a better American manhood and womanhood.

To the voters of Antioch and Lake County and to the Republicans, especially, let each and every one do his duty on election day. Get out the full vote this year and keep the Republican party in power that we may enjoy the prosperous times we are now having and sustain the Republican administration, and do not tie its hands by sending bolters or independents to the legislature, that they in turn may send those of their kind to the Senate. Get out every voter in your neighborhood, and when the returns are all in you will hear, Well done, good and faithful, thy reward will be abundant, while prosperity and happiness will continue throughout our land.

## Pointed Out Artist's Error.

A French journal relates an anecdote regarding the late James Tissot, by way of illustrating his minute and exact realism. A visitor asked him one day whether the picture he was at work on was intended to illustrate the time of Christ. The artist replied in the affirmative. "Then," said the visitor, "permit me to call your attention to an error. Aloes, such as you have in your picture, did not exist in the Mediterranean regions till after the conquest of Mexico by Spain." Tissot promptly took his brush and altered the picture.

## Goes Like Hot Cakes.

"The fastest selling article I have in my store," writes druggist C. T. Smith, of Davis Ky., is Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds because it always cures. In my six years of sales it has never failed. I have known it to save sufferers from throat and lung diseases, who could get no help from doctors or any other remedy. Mothers rely on it, best physicians prescribe it, and W. T. Hill guarantees satisfaction or refund price, bottles free. Regular size, 50c and \$1.

## A Primitive Region.

From the Lipari Islands of mythology, the abode of Eolus, the ruler of the winds, and the scene of his meeting with Ulysses, to the Lipari Islands of today, is a very far cry indeed. There are no hotels, and the islands are almost unknown to tourists, while the 18,000 inhabitants are almost in a state of primitive and patriarchal simplicity. They tender their services voluntarily as guides and refuse payment, regarding all visitors as their guests.

## "Isles of Safety."

New York is to have "isles of safety" to be located at congested points of traffic. They are really harbors of refuge for citizens engaged in dodging street cars, and will afford infinite amusement to the drivers of the merry cable car. If the car catches the passenger before he lands on an isle of safety he's it, and they call the meat wagon.

## A Discourteous Parallel.

A debate once took place among the members of the court of another state as to how long they would set to dispose of the business before them. Three weeks at last were determined on. "Why, in the name of wonder," inquired a wag at the bar, "do they not set four weeks, like other geese?"

## A Double Celebration.

Trinity church, New York, is soon to have a unique celebration in honor of the rector, Dr. Morgan Dix, whose fiftieth anniversary of his ordination, fortieth anniversary of his pastorate and seventy-fifth anniversary of his birth come so close together that they will be celebrated on the same day.

## Cigarettes by the Ton.

Five hundred and thirty-two tons of cigarettes were exported from Egypt in the year 1901.

## Doctors as Legislators.

Thirteen doctors have been nominated for members of the legislature in Kansas.

## Auction Sales.

The undersigned having decided to quit farming will sell at auction 1/2 mile north of Russell, on the farm known as the John Bain farm, Monday, Nov. 3, at 10 o'clock the following: 20 good milk cows, 3 yearling heifers and 6 spring calves. Horses—Chestnut mare 8 years old, weight 1100 lbs; roan mare 8 years, 1100 lbs; chestnut mare 12 years, 900 lbs; bay colt 2 years, 1 suckling colt, both by O'Plain Chief; 1 black colt 4 years, 1100 lbs; black horse 8 years, 1100 lbs. One brood sow, 14 shoats, 100 Plymouth Rock chickens, 1 pulitzer, 1 seeder, both nearly new; 1 new Champion hay rake, Champion mower, 1 McCormick corn harvester, nearly new; 1 Plano grain binder, walking cultivator, spring-tooth cultivator, walking plow, sod plow, new; shovels, milk wagon, iron lever drag, Bain wagon, narrow tire; 1 truck wagon, new hay rack, wood rack, 90-gal cauldron kettle, 20 shipping cans, milk tank, new; grind stone, work bench, sickle grinder, 1 set of heavy bob sleighs, set of light sleigh runners, 40 new grain bags, 1 larrel churn, 2 sets dump boards, 1 large wood heater, gasoline range, 2 set double harness, 2 set single harness, 6 cords of firewood, 1 complete 3-horse eveners, new; 1 cutter, road wagon, cart, household furniture and other articles not mentioned. 150 bu of rye, 200 bu of oats, 20 tons millet, stack of oat hay, 10 acres corn in shock. Lunch at noon. Terms, regular form. G. Vogel, auct. Lewis E. Sayage.

The undersigned will sell at auction, 2 miles southwest of Bristol, Tuesday, Nov. 11th, at 9 o'clock sharp, the following property: 139 head of cattle—64 head of graded Durham cows, all young; 6 steers coming two years old, 13 yearling steers, 14 yearling heifers, 40 head of calves, 4 head of young bull calves, registered Short-horn bull coming two years old, 1 graded bull 2 years old, 6 horses—bay team coming 8 and 9 years old, weight 1300 pounds; span of gray mares 6 and 7 years old, span of mares 10 and 11 years old. 54 head of breeding ewes, 60 head of yearling ewes, 60 head of lambs, all Shropshire; 1 4-year-old registered Shropshire buck, 6 buck lambs; 8 sows, 5 shoats, 5 pigs, 75 chickens, 15 turkeys, ducks and geese; 1 McCormick grain binder, McCormick corn harvester, used part of one season; 1 Deering mower, 6-foot cut; one 11-foot Deering hay rake; Buckeye broadcast seeder, 11-foot; 1 sod cutter, corn planter, 2 riding cultivators, 2 sets drags, walking cultivator, two truck wagons, 1 spring wagon, 2 walking mows, 1/2 gang plow, Case; 3 sets double work harness, set double driving harness, single driving harness, 1 double carriage, and other articles; 60 tons of tame hay; Household furniture—Two heating and one cook stove, and other goods. Luncheon at noon. Terms—Sums under \$20 cash, over that amount 12 months time with interest at 6 per cent per annum. C. M. Bishop, John Hunt, auctioneer, proprietor. Two Farms of 300 acres each, for sale or rent.

## Why Gnats Dance.

A correspondent noting what is fairly well known among entomologists, that many species of flies congregate to dance, says it is well known that this is for a very utilitarian purpose—the selection of a mate. At the present moment there are thousands of so-called "winter midges" (trichocera hieimalis) dancing at the end of his garden, and every now and again paired couples can be seen to separate themselves from the crowd. On the previous day, when it was very windy, there were but few about, but three or four found the shelter of a doorway, and after a lengthy dance, seen from a darkened room against a twilight sky, a paired couple found a resting place on his coat sleeve.—Pearson's Weekly.



MRS. L. S. ADAMS.

Of Galveston, Texas. "Wine of Cardui is indeed a blessing to tired women. Having suffered for seven years with weakness and bearing-down pains, and having tried several doctors and different remedies with no success, your Wine of Cardui was the only thing which helped me, and eventually cured me. I intend to build up the weak parts, strengthen the system and correct irregularities."

By "tired women" Mrs. Adams means nervous women who have disordered menses, falling of the womb, ovarian troubles or any of these ailments that women have. You can cure yourself at home with this great women's remedy, Wine of Cardui. Wine of Cardui has cured thousands of cases which doctors have failed to remedy. It does not begin to taste like medicine. Why not get well today? All any stomach, \$1.00 bottles. For Dr. Thresh, liver or bowel disorder, should be of Dr. Black-Draught. Write for literature, address, giving name, to The Ladies' Friend Co., 1000 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

**WINE OF CARDUI**

## Trouble Ahead for Society.

We see trouble ahead. It is announced that when the Crown Prince of Japan visits us he will not be a national guest, but will be entertained by individuals. Oh, what a fuss there will be in fashionable circles! What envy, malice and all uncharitableness on the part of successful New York hostesses toward those who capture such a lion! Not since King Edward as Prince of Wales was in this town has there been a real heir to a throne here. We have had grand dukes, royal princes and all that sort of thing, but the real article, no. There is sure to be coldness between certain well-known boxes at the opera as a consequence of this young man's sojourn in little old New York.—New York Sun.

## Two for a Quarter.

After waiting ten years a gentleman residing in a Detroit suburb received a visit from the stork the other day. Now it is customary at christenings to hand the priest a fee of \$1 for each youngster. But when this infant had passed through the ceremony the happy but economical parent tendered his spiritual adviser 25 cents. The clergyman handed it back with a twinkle in his eye and whispered: "Keep it, Fred, until you have twins in your house, and I will baptize them at the rate of two for a quarter."—Detroit Evening News.

## Norway's Fisheries.

The fisheries represent one of Norway's chief industries, and quantities of fish are sold at very low rates, particularly during summer. One way in which these are utilized is by means of an invention which quickly dries and pulverizes the flesh of fresh fish. The resulting product, called fish flour, is easy to transport from one place to another and has great nutritive value.

## Adjourned the Hearing.

M. H. De Young of San Francisco, tells of an investigation of an accident in a deaf and dumb asylum in that city. All the witnesses gave testimony with their fingers. There was a commotion among those present when the officer announced: "This hearing is adjourned until tomorrow."

## ILLINOIS CENTRAL

Railroad. Effective November 2, 1902, there will be inaugurated by the Illinois Central R. Co., a

## NEW LINE FROM CHICAGO TO

**MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL**

via Rockford, Freeport, Danube, Waterloo and Albert Lea, over which

## FINE PASSENGER SERVICE

will be maintained, consisting of a fast vestibule night train, the "Limited," handsomely equipped with

## Through Sleeping Car,

Through Buffet-Library Car, Through Reclining Chair Car, Dining Car Service En Route

This line will be convenient for patrons of the Illinois Central's lines in northern Illinois and eastern Iowa, and particularly so for those from south of Chicago, as it connects in same station at Chicago with trains of the Central from the south. A special descriptive folder of this new service as well as full particulars concerning the above can be had of agents of the Illinois Central and connecting lines.

A. M. HANSON  
General Passenger Agent, Chicago

**J. C. James, Jr.,**  
Justice of the Peace.

All Legal Business Promptly Attended to

## FIRE INSURANCE.

Farm and Village Fire Insurance in independent companies.

Special Agent Prudential Co Life Ins

**J. C. JAMES, JR.,**  
UNDERTAKER.

Licensed Embalmer

**JOHN J. McDOUGALL,**  
Veterinary Surgeon

Antioch, Illinois.

**TRUCK Farming**  
IN THE SOUTH.

Does Truck Farming in the South. Write the undersigned for a free copy of the Illinois Circular No. 3, and note what is said concerning it.

J. P. Kerry, Am'ty Agent  
Illinois Central R. Co. Passenger Agent  
Central Railroad, Dubuque, Ia.

**Dizzy?**

Then your liver isn't acting well. You suffer from biliousness, constipation. Ayer's Pills act directly on the liver. For 60 years they have been the Standard Family Pill. Small doses cure. All druggists.

Want your mustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use  
**THE BUCKINGHAM DYE FOR THE MUSTACHE**  
50 CTS. OF DUGGESS, 10 N. P. HALL & CO., BANGOR, N. H.

## Childrens Hosiery and Underwear

We desire to call the attention of the mothers of this vicinity to our large and complete stocks of hosiery and undergarments for children. As an inducement to call and investigate. We quote some special snaps in fleece-lined goods, now in the height of demand.

## CHILDRENS FLEECE-LINED VESTS AND PANTS

For children 1 to 15 years old—sizes 16 to 34.  
Price rises 2c a size from No 16 which costs..... **10c**

## BOYS HEAVY FLEECE LINED VESTS AND DRAWS

For boys 6 to 15 years old—sizes 28 to 34.  
Any size will go now for..... **25c**

## CHILDRENS FLEECE AND COMBINATION GARMENTS

Made with half open front and drop seat.  
For children 3 to 4 years old—sizes 1 to 17—any size..... **50c**

## CHILDRENS FLEECE LINED SLEEPING GARMENTS

For children 1 to 10 years old—in two qualities..... **50 or 25c**

## "HERCULES" FAST BLACK SCHOOL HOSE

In light, medium and heavy ribbed cotton or fleece lined goods.  
Only Three Prices, per pair..... **25c, 15c and 10c**

**BEST VALUES** ever offered for the money.

We Close at 6 p. m. every evening but Monday and Saturday.

**G. R. LYON & SONS.**  
LEADERS OF LOW PRICES  
WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS.

**DRUG W. T. HILL Proprietor. STORE**

Drugs  
Toilet Articles  
Paints and Oils  
Stationary  
School Supplies  
Confectionery  
Souvenir China  
Tobacco and Cigars

A good investment  
**The NEW YORK LIFE**  
W. T. HILL, Agt.

Buggies and Farm Implements Tin Shop in Connection

**C. G. NELSON**

DEALER IN

**Hardware, Stoves, Glass, Cutlery,**

WIRE, NAILS, AND SPORTING GOODS.

Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware, Cordage, Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools, Lead, Oil, Paints, Colors and Brushes.

Lake Villa, Illinois

**USE A-B Stove Polish**  
WORLD'S BEST  
LIQUID AND DRY  
Selling Brs. 16 Madison Av. Chicago

**D. A. WILLIAMS,**  
NOTARY PUBLIC,  
Office at Williams Bros' Store, ANTIOCH, ILL.  
All Notarial Work promptly and accurately attended to. 2711

**MISS LELIA WILLIAMS,**  
Graduate of  
Chicago Musical College  
will accept a limited number of pupils  
Vocal; or; Piano; Instruction  
Antioch, Ill.

**E. F. SHAFFER, M. D.,**  
Physician and Surgeon  
Gray's Lake, Ill.

**T. N. DONNELLY & CO.,**  
Loan and Brokerage  
118 DePaul Bldg., Chicago, Ill.  
Branches at Washington and Madison.

**ROMER E. JAMISON, M. D.,**  
Millers, Illinois.  
Office Hours Saturday and Sunday afternoon and evenings. Telephone connection with Lake Villa and Wadsworth.

**The Brooke Barlow Investment Co**  
has Money To Loan  
on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest. Inquire **BANK OF ANTIOCH.**

**FOR SALE.**  
One Stayer Surrey \$50.00  
Three-seated Wagon, \$70.00  
Stayer Top Buggy, \$20.00  
Buggy Pole, \$8.50.  
In fine condition and must be sold.  
\$4 the value.  
81yl L. B. GRICE, Antioch, Ill.

**Dr. George Doerbecker,**  
DENTIST,  
Opp. First National Bank,  
WAUKEGAN, ILL.

**Dr. George Doerbecker,**  
DENTIST,  
Opp. First National Bank,  
WAUKEGAN, ILL.

**Dr. George Doerbecker,**  
DENTIST,  
Opp. First National Bank,  
WAUKEGAN, ILL.

**Dr. George Doerbecker,**  
DENTIST,  
Opp. First National Bank,  
WAUKEGAN, ILL.

**Dr. George Doerbecker,**  
DENTIST,  
Opp. First National Bank,  
WAUKEGAN, ILL.

**F. BAIRSTOW,**  
MANUFACTURER OF

**MARBLE**

**GRANITE**

**MONUMENTS.**

**CEMETARY**

**WORK**

**OF**

**EVERY**

**DESCRIPTION.**

Correspondence Solicited.  
126 Genesee St.,  
WAUKEGAN, - ILL.

**SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED.**

**J. F. Ingalls & Son,**  
Jewellers and Opticians,  
126 Genesee St. Waukegan, Ill

**Dr. George Doerbecker,**  
DENTIST,  
Opp. First National Bank,  
WAUKEGAN, ILL.

**Dr. George Doerbecker,**  
DENTIST,  
Opp. First National Bank,  
WAUKEGAN, ILL.

**Dr. George Doerbecker,**  
DENTIST,  
Opp. First National Bank,  
WAUKEGAN, ILL.

**Dr. George Doerbecker,**  
DENTIST,  
Opp. First National Bank,  
WAUKEGAN, ILL.

**Dr. George Doerbecker,**  
DENTIST,  
Opp. First National Bank,  
WAUKEGAN, ILL.

**Dr. George Doerbecker,**  
DENTIST,  
Opp. First National Bank,  
WAUKEGAN, ILL.



# ANTIOCH DEPARTM'NT STORE WILLIAMS BROS. PROPRIET'RS

## Fall and Winter Dry Goods

Elegant Wool Waistings  
Latest effects in Ladies Suitings

New style Gloves  
including the famous Golf gloves

Ladies, Misses,  
and childrens  
Underwear

also men's, boys  
and misses  
Fall and Winter Caps

New Winter Clothing  
Overcoats, Fur Coats  
Hunting clothing, mackintoshes

Best Equipped Tin Shop in Lake Co.

## Stoves, Oilcloth, Etc.

The new Air-tight Stoves. A  
large assortment from \$2.20 to 5  
Steel Ranges for wood and coal

Most of these stoves we were fortunate  
enough to buy before the last 3  
advances, we are therefore able to  
sell them at less  
than the present  
wholesale prices

Zinc boards and  
floor oilcloth.

We are also offering GREAT  
BARGAINS IN SHOES. Selz's  
unrivalled Royal Blue Shoes  
fit the foot, fit the purse and  
please the wearer.

Call and see the new goods!  
and get our prices.

# Winter Stock Shoes Dress Goods Caps Underwear Clothing, &c

## ADJOINING TOWNS

### BRISTOL, WIS.

At present writing, Wm. Perrigo is on  
the sick list.

C. E. Williams was a Kenosha visitor  
last Monday.

Miss Bessie Foster, of Salem, visited at  
Perrigo's last Saturday.

John Zievers, candidate for Coroner was  
in the village last Tuesday.

Peter Wood, of Milwaukee, spent last  
week with relatives and friends here.

Misses Lula Rowbottom and Jessie Traf-  
ford spent Friday and Saturday in Chicago.

Harvey-Hockney has moved into the Dr.  
Stevens property in the Gaines subdivision.

Master Laurence Whitcher visited his  
cousin, Roy Murdoch, Friday and Saturday  
of last week.

Miss Bacon, the popular music teacher,  
of Salem, transacted business in this vil-  
lage last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bennett, of Russell, were  
the guests of C. M. Bishop and family last  
Saturday and Sunday.

A Temperance lecture and stereopticon  
entertainment was given at the M. E.  
church Thursday evening.

The Official Board of the M. E. Church  
held its regular monthly meeting in the  
lecture room of the church last Monday  
evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burroughs were  
Milwaukee visitors last week. Mr. Bur-  
roughs attended the National Convention  
of Buttermakers held in that city.

W. C. Bacon will hold a public auction  
soon. Mr. Bacon will join the ranks of  
the retired farmers, as he has rented his  
farm for a term of years, to Wm. Fitchow.

The town board have purchased two  
road graders for use on Bristol roads.  
With plenty of grading and a liberal sup-  
ply of gravel our roads will be greatly im-  
proved.

The Dancing Club gave a dance at Bris-  
tol hall last Friday evening. About forty  
couples were there and it was a good  
time. If whiskey bottles were a good  
many had a wet time too.

Calvin Stewart, Democratic candidate  
for District Attorney, was in our village  
last Friday. Mr. Stewart is a rising young  
lawyer of Kenosha and will receive a num-  
ber of republican votes as well as those of  
his own party.

The Bristol Literary Society will give its  
first program at Bristol Hall, on Friday  
evening, October 31. Admission to these  
entertainments will be free and everyone  
is cordially invited to come and help the  
work of the Literary society along. A gen-  
eral literary program will be given Friday  
evening.

### LAKE VILLA.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. James Leonard,  
on Friday, Oct. 24, a baby boy.

Mrs. Webster spent the week with rela-  
tives and friends in Lake Villa.

Mrs. Wm. Phares, of McHenry, visited  
Monday with Mrs. Ben Hamlin.

James Palmer has been quite ill during  
the past week, but is better now.

Mr. and Mrs. James Atwell visited in  
Waukegan last Friday with Mrs. Atwell's  
mother.

F. E. Younk, of Gurnee, spent Satur-  
day and Sunday among his Lake Villa  
friends.

W. D. Kingsley and family, and Reno  
Kingsley moved their goods to Woodstock

### From our Staff of Able Correspondents.

Tuesday, where they intend to spend the  
winter.

Grading was done on Main street last  
week and made ready for the gravel which  
we badly need.

Mrs. Giddings and Miss Alice, who lived  
here a few years ago, visited at H. Sher-  
wood's Monday.

Mr. Merrick, who has lived for a number  
of years on the Wisner farm, shipped his  
goods to Wisconsin the first of the week.

Miss Effie Thayer, Mrs. W. G. Barn-  
stable, Mrs. L. W. Rowling and Fred  
Gunston were shopping in Chicago on  
Monday.

The Ladies Aid society will meet Wed-  
nesday afternoon, Nov. 15, with Mrs. W. G.  
Barnstable. Members will please bring  
their thimbles. Visitors welcome.

Station Agent Wagner returned to his  
duties on Monday after a three weeks va-  
cation.

Mrs. T. E. Stevens is visiting in Chicago  
this week and will go to hear Miss Stone  
speak on Thursday.

Mr. George Wilbur, of Burlington, vis-  
ited his brother, P. O. Wilbur, and fam-  
ily, the last of the week.

Mrs. W. Wilson, of Zenda, has been  
visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. White-  
head, the past few days.

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Thompson will leave  
on Tuesday for a three weeks visit to their  
parents and brother at Denver.

Mr. Coats who is relieving Agent Higley  
has rented Mr. Parker's house for three  
months and will move his family here this  
week.

Mrs. James Druce returned home Sat-  
urday from the National W. O. T. U. con-  
vention and reports a very interesting  
meeting.

The Grayslake Cemetery Society will  
give a New England supper in the base-  
ment of the church on Thursday, Nov. 6,  
will begin serving at 5 p. m. Supper 15c.  
Everybody come.

Mrs. Esby, who was called to Denver  
some time ago by the serious illness of her  
daughter, Mrs. Kissel, arrived here Sat-  
urday, bringing her daughter with her, who  
is still in very poor health. They are stop-  
ping here with the sister, Mrs. Kissel.

Last week Thursday at 8 o'clock in  
Chicago, occurred the marriage of  
Morrell of this place to Mrs. Elsworth of  
Chicago. Mrs. Elsworth formerly kept  
house for Mr. Morrill and during her stay  
here made many friends who join in wish-  
ing them years of happiness.

Mrs. G. E. Strang gave a stag checker  
party at her home on Tuesday evening, the

occasion being Mr. Strang's 48th birthday  
anniversary. About twenty-five of his  
friends were present and many interesting  
games played, the tie being between  
P. A. Robinson and Mr. M. C. Decker.  
Mr. Robinson proving himself the cham-  
pion of the evening. A fine supper was  
served and nice music rendered which was  
enjoyed by all, after which the guests left  
for their homes, feeling that they had spent  
a delightful evening.

Many were grieved to learn of the sud-  
den death of Dorra Cremin, which occurred  
at his home at Rollins Friday afternoon,  
death resulting from an injury he received  
on Thursday noon while helping H. Ed-  
wards thresh. As he went to put his fork  
into a bundle it struck the belt on the ma-  
chine and bounded back, the handle strik-  
ing him in the bowels. Dorra was 19 years  
of age and the oldest son of Wm. Cremin.  
He was of a quiet, loving disposition and  
was esteemed by all who knew him. The  
bereaved ones have the heartfelt sympathy  
of their many friends in their affliction.

### TREVOR, WIS

H. Patrick took in Chicago Monday.

Harvey Hockney moved to Bristol last  
week.

Mrs. E. Terping returned from Chicago  
last week.

A. Parks and family visited at Bristol  
last Sunday.

Mrs. Montgomery, of Wilmot, is visiting  
her son James.

Quite a few sheep around here have been  
killed by dogs.

James Rea came with quite a number of  
sheep last week.

Mrs. A. Booth had quite a fall last Tues-  
day breaking her wrist.

Don't forget the reception next Friday  
evening at Mrs. Havens.

Mrs. George Patrick's mother, of Salem,  
is visiting here for a few days.

Quite a number from here attended the  
cemetery meeting at Cornwell's.

Mrs. Ben Drom and daughter, of Chicago,  
are visiting relatives here.

Mr. Alden, of Waukegan, was around in  
this place last week tuning pianos.

Mrs. Wilbur Champlain, of Chicago,  
visited over Sunday at E. Kennedy's.

Mrs. L. A. Havens visited with John  
Moore and family, in Woodstock, over  
Sunday.

Mrs. Charles Sibley and Mrs. William  
Scherf were calling on Trevor friends last  
Thursday.

Mrs. Pullen, of Antioch, and Mrs. Webb,  
of Waukegan, visited Mrs. Jack Drom last  
week Thursday.

Miss Gertrude Booth returned from an  
extended visit with her sister, Mrs. Patter-  
son, of Montana.

Mrs. C. Kelley and little grand-daughter,  
of Chicago, visited Trevor friends on Tues-  
day and Wednesday last.

Miss Florie Orvis, of Camp Lake, and  
her aunt, Mrs. VanWee, of Rockford, call-  
ed on Trevor friends and took in Antioch  
last week.

A society of women for Africa.  
A society of women formed in Lon-  
don to encourage the emigration of  
women to South Africa after the war.

### CITY OF BIG NUMBERS.

New York a Place Where All Things  
Are On a Large Scale.

A New Yorker of a statistical turn  
of mind has been figuring on what the  
people of that city pay for luxuries  
and other things. For instance, he  
says: "For our daily newspaper read-  
ing our papers use from \$50 to 1,000  
tons of white paper a day, which in  
the average eight-page paper amounts  
to from 8,000,000 to 20,000,000 copies.  
The various press associations cable  
us between 80,000 and 100,000 words  
a day. Our entertainments in our  
forty odd theaters cost us from \$75,  
000 to \$100,000 a night. We sold on  
our stock exchange floor over 231,  
000,000 shares of stock during the last  
year, and while 1,000,000 shares a day  
is a large average, on May 9, 1901, the  
traffic amounted to 3,338,695 shares.  
And so it goes. We surely are justifi-  
ably declaring that New York is the  
city of big numbers, as well as big  
things."

### Rice on a Letter.

A queer letter passed through the  
general postoffice last week. On the  
envelope was a border of rice about  
half an inch wide, broken only to  
allow a stamp to be placed in the  
upper right hand corner. A light glue  
was used to fasten the rice without  
injuring the paper. On the back of  
the envelope were the letters "B" and  
"G," formed with rice. It was the first  
rice letter that had ever gone through  
the office, and after it had been care-  
fully examined it was allowed to pro-  
ceed on its way to Pennsylvania,  
where it undoubtedly reached the "B"  
and "G" for whom it was intended.—  
New York Tribune.

### Fur Trade of the World.

Nearly the whole fur trade of the  
world concentrates itself in the two  
cities of London and Leipzig; but as  
about two-thirds of the London furs,  
which are sold at auction, go to Leip-  
zig, the result is that the fur market  
of Leipzig is really the greater of the  
two. The Leipzig warehouses receive  
raw and half-prepared furs from Si-  
beria, European Russia, America,  
Australia and China, making the busi-  
ness of the fur exchange worth from  
\$15,000,000 to \$17,000,000 yearly.

### "Cure for Love."

Take twelve ounces of dislike, one  
pound resolution, two grains of com-  
mon sense, two ounces of experience,  
a large sprig of time and three quarts  
of cooling water of consideration. Set  
them over the gentle fire of love,  
sweeten it with the sugar of forgetful-  
ness, skim it over with the spoon of  
melancholy, put it in the bottom of  
your heart, cork it with a cork of clear  
conscience and let it remain, and find  
ease and be restored to your senses  
again. The things can be had of the  
apothecary next door to reason on  
Prudent street, in the village of con-  
tempt, for 10 cents' worth of deter-  
mination.

### Illinois Central Through to Florida

Beginning Monday, Jan. 6, 1902, the  
Illinois Central will run a through sleeping  
car between Chicago and Jacksonville,  
Florida, via Nashville, Chattanooga and  
Atlanta. It will leave Chicago daily at  
6:10 p. m. and arrive at Jacksonville the  
second morning, running over the cele-  
brated "Dixie Flyer" scenic route. This  
is an extension of its all-the-year-round  
Chicago and Nashville sleeping-car line.

### The Wisconsin Central Railway

Maintains a daily train service between  
Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowish, St. Paul,  
Minneapolis, Ashland and Duluth, reach-  
ing East Chicago, Chippewa Falls, Marshfield,  
Hurley, Ironwood and Beaver Lake, as well  
as the principal points of Wisconsin. Con-  
nections with roads running South,  
East, West and North are made at termi-  
nal points. Pullman sleepers are attached  
to all night trains and meals are served  
at LaCrosse. Any agent of the Wisconsin Ry.  
will be pleased to give you full infor-  
mation, furnish tickets and reserve sleep-  
ing car accommodations.

Jas. C. Brown, Gen. Pass. Agent,  
Chicago, Ill.

### THE POWER OF MUSIC.

Great Composer Explains Necessity of  
Finishing Improvisation.

The duke of Saxe-Weimar once in-  
vited John Sebastian Bach to attend  
a dinner at the palace. Before the  
guests sat down to the feast Bach was  
asked to give an improvisation. The  
composer seated himself at the harpsi-  
chord and straightway forgot all about  
dinner and everything else. He played  
so long that at last the duke touch-  
ed his shoulder and said: "We are  
very much obliged, master, but we  
must not let the soup get cold." Bach  
sprang to his feet and followed the  
duke to the dining room without utter-  
ing a word. But he was scarcely seat-  
ed when he sprang up, rushed back to  
the instrument like one demented,  
struck a few chords and returned to  
the dining room, evidently feeling  
much better. "I beg pardon, your  
highness," he said, "but you inter-  
rupted me in a series of chords and  
arpeggios on the dominant seventh  
and I could not feel at ease until they  
were resolved into the tonic. It is as  
if you had snatched a glass of water  
from the lips of a man dying of thirst.  
Now I have drunk the glass out and  
am content."

### A Neat Rejoinder.

The house of commons was once  
debating the civil list—the appropri-  
ations for the king and the royal fam-  
ily—when Lord Evelyn Stuart, who  
was an officer of the guards, as well  
as a member of the house, came in,  
wearing a long mustache. At that  
time mustaches were worn only by  
soldiers, and very seldom even by  
them. "My lord," said one of the  
ministers to Lord Evelyn, "now that  
war is over, don't you think you had  
better put your mustache on the peace  
establishment?" "I don't know  
whether I shall do that," said Lord  
Evelyn, "but meanwhile I would advise  
you to put your tongue on the  
civil list."

### Answers of Prospective Voters.

Some of the Virginia applicants for  
registration as voters give queer an-  
swers to the questions asked them.  
One negro thought the General As-  
sembly was "You three gentlemen sit-  
ting there"—with a bow to the regis-  
trars. Another thought it was "A  
place in the words where they went  
to worship the Lord." A third negro  
was asked to explain the freedom of  
the press. "When you get in a crowd,  
above as much as you please," he re-  
plied.

### Friday in History.

On Friday Shakespeare, Washing-  
ton and Napoleon were born. Queen  
Victoria was married, the battles of  
Bunker Hill and New Orleans were  
fought, America was discovered, Mos-  
cow was burned, Richmond was evacu-  
ated, the Battle was destroyed, the  
Mayflower arrived and the declaration  
of independence was signed.

### To Avoid Suspicion.

A Kansas editor, having moved in-  
to a new house, adds to his printed ac-  
count of the house-warming this prob-  
ably veracious statement: "In order  
to avoid suspicion, we will say that  
we borrowed the money to build it,  
and have the documents to prove it."

### Nine-Year-Old Colored Preacher.

Milwaukee has a juvenile prodigy  
in the person of Lennie Lawrence  
Dennis, a colored boy of 9 years, who  
preaches the gospel and expounds the  
scriptures to large congregations at  
the colored Baptist church, and has  
made many converts.

### Reciprocity at Home.

There is always the other side of the  
story. While eastern money is going  
westward to bring on the crops of  
grain, \$25,000,000 worth of millinery  
alone is going west to bring just that  
much eastern money home again.—  
Philadelphia Inquirer.

### Magyars Are Increasing.

The Magyars are steadily increasing  
in numbers over the Germans and the  
Jews or more other nationalities  
prominently represented in Hungary.

### The First New England Sermon.

In the library of the late Dr. Clau-  
dus B. Webster of Concord has been  
found a copy of the first sermon  
preached in New England. The preach-  
er was Robert Cushman and the ser-  
mon was preached at Plymouth, Mass.,  
Dec. 12, 1621. The subject was "The  
Sin and Danger of Self-Love," and  
the text was 1 Cor. x, 24: "Let no  
man seek his own; but every man an-  
other's wealth."

### Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through  
your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your  
blood purifiers, they fil-  
ter out the waste or  
impurities in the blood.  
If they are sick or out  
of order, they fail to do  
their work.

Pains, aches and rheu-  
matism come from ex-  
cess of uric acid in the  
blood, due to neglected  
kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady  
heart beats, and makes one feel as though  
they had heart trouble, because the heart is  
over-working in pumping thick, kidney-  
poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary  
troubles were to be traced to the kidneys,  
but now modern science proves that nearly  
all constitutional diseases have their begin-  
ning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake  
by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild  
and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's  
Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy is  
soon realized. It stands the highest for its  
wonderful cures of the most distressing cases  
and is sold on its merits  
by all druggists in fifty-  
cent and one-dollar siz-  
es. You may have a  
sample bottle by mail.

Write to Dr. Kilmer, 233  
N. 4th St., New York, N. Y., for a  
sample bottle by mail.

Free, also pamphlet telling you how to find  
out if you have kidney or bladder trouble.  
Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer  
& Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root,  
the great kidney remedy,  
is sold on its merits  
by all druggists in fifty-  
cent and one-dollar siz-  
es. You may have a  
sample bottle by mail.

Write to Dr. Kilmer, 233  
N. 4th St., New York, N. Y., for a  
sample bottle by mail.

Free, also pamphlet telling you how to find  
out if you have kidney or bladder trouble.  
Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer  
& Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root,  
the great kidney remedy,  
is sold on its merits  
by all druggists in fifty-  
cent and one-dollar siz-  
es. You may have a  
sample bottle by mail.

Write to Dr. Kilmer, 233  
N. 4th St., New York, N. Y., for a  
sample bottle by mail.

Free, also pamphlet telling you how to find  
out if you have kidney or bladder trouble.  
Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer  
& Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root,  
the great kidney remedy,  
is sold on its merits  
by all druggists in fifty-  
cent and one-dollar siz-  
es. You may have a  
sample bottle by mail.

Write to Dr. Kilmer, 233  
N. 4th St., New York, N. Y., for a  
sample bottle by mail.

Free, also pamphlet telling you how to find  
out if you have kidney or bladder trouble.  
Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer  
& Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root,  
the great kidney remedy,  
is sold on its merits  
by all druggists in fifty-  
cent and one-dollar siz-  
es. You may have a  
sample bottle by mail.

Write to Dr. Kilmer, 233  
N. 4th St., New York, N. Y., for a  
sample bottle by mail.

Free, also pamphlet telling you how to find  
out if you have kidney or bladder trouble.  
Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer  
& Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root,  
the great kidney remedy,  
is sold on its merits  
by all druggists in fifty-  
cent and one-dollar siz-  
es. You may have a  
sample bottle by mail.

Write to Dr. Kilmer, 233  
N. 4th St., New York, N. Y., for a  
sample bottle by mail.

Free, also pamphlet telling you how to find  
out if you have kidney or bladder trouble.  
Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer  
& Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root,  
the great kidney remedy,  
is sold on its merits  
by all druggists in fifty-  
cent and one-dollar siz-  
es. You may have a  
sample bottle by mail.

Write to Dr. Kilmer, 233  
N. 4th St., New York, N. Y., for a  
sample bottle by mail.

Free, also pamphlet telling you how to find  
out if you have kidney or bladder trouble.  
Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer  
& Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root,  
the great kidney remedy,  
is sold on its merits  
by all druggists in fifty-  
cent and one-dollar siz-  
es. You may have a  
sample bottle by mail.

Write to Dr. Kilmer, 233  
N. 4th St., New York, N. Y., for a  
sample bottle by mail.

Free, also pamphlet telling you how to find  
out if you have kidney or bladder trouble.  
Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer  
& Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root,  
the great kidney remedy,  
is sold on its merits  
by all druggists in fifty-  
cent and one-dollar siz-  
es. You may have a  
sample bottle by mail.

Write to Dr. Kilmer, 233  
N. 4th St., New York, N. Y., for a  
sample bottle by mail.

Free, also pamphlet telling you how to find  
out if you have kidney or bladder trouble.  
Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer  
& Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root,  
the great kidney remedy,  
is sold on its merits  
by all druggists in fifty-  
cent and one-dollar siz-  
es. You may have a  
sample bottle by mail.

Write to Dr. Kilmer, 233  
N. 4th St., New York, N. Y., for a  
sample bottle by mail.

Free, also pamphlet telling you how to find  
out if you have kidney or bladder trouble.  
Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer  
& Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root,  
the great kidney remedy,  
is sold on its merits  
by all druggists in fifty-  
cent and one-dollar siz-  
es. You may have a  
sample bottle by mail.

Write to Dr. Kilmer, 233  
N. 4th St., New York, N. Y., for a  
sample bottle by mail.

Free, also pamphlet telling you how to find  
out if you have kidney or bladder trouble.  
Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer  
& Co., Binghamton, N. Y.



## The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

### EVENTS OF THE WEEK

In a riot in Chicago caused by the American Postage Service's attempt to post bills by the use of non-union labor eight men were severely injured, service on the Morgan street car line was suspended and a riot call was sent to the police station.

Floods and renewed earthquakes are causing widespread alarm in the provinces of Calabria, Italy. Several persons have been drowned in the floods and the waters have done much damage. Riots in Umbria have been shaken again by a severe earthquake.

F. A. Helme, Butte, Mont., is accused of offering \$2,500,000 bribe to son of Senator Clark for aid in getting political control of State. A statement has been issued by Clark, Jr., declaring Helme desires control of courts and Legislature and made formal offer.

H. S. Boal, son-in-law of Col. W. F. Cody, "Buffalo Bill," committed suicide at a hotel at Sheridan, Wyo. Mr. Boal had just returned from Chicago, where he had taken a train of cattle. No motive for the deed is known. He leaves a widow and two children.

A. M. Todd Company, limited, of Kalamazoo, Mich., has secured 95 per cent of the peppermint and essential oil crop of the world, amounting to a practical corner. The price of peppermint oil, which a month ago was \$2.50 a pound, is now \$5. As the total crop this year is about 100,000 pounds, the total value will be \$500,000, and the advance amounts to nearly half a million.

It is learned at Tangier, Morocco, that the reason the Sultan had taken such sudden and drastic measures against the murderers of Mr. Cooper, the English missionary who was slain recently, was due to the fact that he had been informed of an immense anti-foreign plot to murder all the Christians in Fez, which would have been carried out had he shown any weakness or vacillation.

George W. Mayer, who was sent to Alaska last spring to locate mining claims for a number of men living near Corvinton, Ind., has returned. He located twenty-one claims within fifteen miles of Nome. With seven men he has taken out about \$10,000 in ore. The claims will be further developed next summer. When Mayer left Nome eggs sold at \$1.50 a dozen and potatoes at \$10 a 100 pounds.

Newton B. Stangh, postmaster of Riverton, Ind., shot Herbert McCannan, firing one shot in his breast and another in the back of his head, death resulting almost instantly. McCannan had been the sweetheart of the postmaster's daughter and had just returned from service in the regular army. Miss Stangh and her mother witnessed the shooting. It is claimed McCannan threatened to kill the entire family before he was slain.

The Havana representative of the Associated Press has learned from official sources that the proposed treaty between the United States and Cuba has been returned to Washington by mail. With the treaty was sent a counter proposition from the government of Cuba to that of the United States, the nature of which is not known, but it is understood that President Palma in a letter sent with the treaty says that the acceptance of the propositions made by the United States would be ruinous to Cuba, as it would result in a large reduction of the customs revenue of the island.

In a decree handed down by Federal Judge C. D. Clark at Knoxville, Tenn., for the disposal of the Elizabethton property is the last chapter of a famous enterprise. John G. Carlisle of Kentucky, Senator McComas of Maryland and Robert P. Porter were directors in the Watnaga Land Company, which floated the Elizabethton scheme and projected "The Iron City of the South," which was selected as the site for the national armor plate works. The floods of 1901 ruined the enterprise, in which 250,000 acres, valued at \$5,000,000, were involved. The property is to be sold Nov. 20.

### BREVITIES.

Julia Marlowe collapsed at New York railroad station and was forced to indefinitely postpone tour in "The Queen Elizabeth."

Twenty-two injured, one of whom may die, is the casualty list of a collision at Yonkers, N. Y., between an automobile and a trolley car.

The announcement is made by Adj. Gen. Corbin that Maj. Gen. S. B. M. Young has been selected to succeed Lieut. Gen. Miles in command of the army.

William Johnson, Swedish stowaway, reached New York on steamer Oscar II, after having hidden himself in coffin which he tore open, hiding the body under making.

Admiral O'Neil, chief of the naval ordnance bureau, in his annual report, asks for an appropriation of \$13,182,806 for next year, of which amount \$10,000,000 is to be devoted to arms and armament.

The Fairmont, W. Va., powder factory was damaged \$30,000 by the explosion of 600 kegs of powder. No one was injured. The machinery was destroyed and iron fragments were thrown for miles around.

A dispatch from Harbin, on the Manchurian railroad, 615 miles from Port Arthur, says that the town of Bodune, Manchuria, has been captured by bandits and that Russian troops have been sent to its relief.

A small boat, carrying thirteen foreigners to their work on the new piers, capsized in the river at Lorain, Ohio, and all were thrown into the water. Two of the men were drowned, while the others were rescued with the greatest difficulty.

A hurricane has swept over Port Diamante, Province of Entre Rios, Argentina. Fifteen persons were killed and many injured. A hundred houses were destroyed and several ships sunk. Nogoya and other places also were damaged.

The utter failure of the harvest in the Tornea valley has caused great distress in northern Sweden. Famine is approaching, all the stocks of grain from previous years having been exhausted, and an early and severe winter aggravates the destitution.

The federal grand jury at Louisville rendered a verdict of guilty in the case of J. M. McKnight, former president of the defunct German National Bank of Louisville, on the charge of embezzling the bank's funds. Mr. McKnight was twice convicted and sentenced on this charge.

### EASTERN.

Henry C. Frick of Pittsburgh was elected a director of the Equitable Trust Company of New York.

Mrs. Annie Kingsley, whose heart was sewed together after her husband had stabbed her, died in New York.

Melancholy resulting from illness prompted Dr. Frederick Roland Nordman, a well-known Baltimore physician, to end his life by shooting.

With the assent of operators and miners President Roosevelt makes Carroll D. Wright a full member of arbitration commission in addition to his status as recorder.

Three men were killed and several were injured by the falling of a girder in the bridge and construction department of the Pennsylvania steel works at Steelton, Pa.

William MacQueen, English anarchist, was soundly thrashed by a silk dyer of Paterson, N. J., for failure to heed warning to cease denunciation of American government.

Fire destroyed the freight sheds of the Union Steamboat Company on Madison street, near the foot of Michigan street, Buffalo, N. Y. The total loss is estimated at \$75,000.

The strike of the employees of the Macbeth-Bryans Glass Company, the chimney combine, which affected 900 skilled and 8,000 unskilled men, has been settled at Pittsburgh, Pa., and work resumed.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton, woman's rights advocate, died at New York, aged 87 years; was wife of Henry Brewster Stanton, anti-slavery orator, and signed first call for woman's rights convention. Frank A. Munsey of New York has bought from Stephen O'Leary and his associates all the stock of the Journal Newspaper Company, which owns and publishes the Boston Morning, Evening and Sunday Journal.

Chao Chu, the 10-year-old son of Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister, has been the service uniform of Uncle Sam and is drilling with a Krag-Jorgensen rifle. Chao Chu was admitted as a member of the Marine guards, the crack private military organization of New York.

Mrs. Annie Kingsley, a stab wound in whose heart was sewed up with six stitches at Bellevue hospital, New York, is progressing satisfactorily and is expected to recover. Her husband, who is held by the police, has been remanded to await the outcome of the remarkable surgical operation.

The homes of Mrs. Harry Schrodding and Charles Schliery at Port Carbon, Pa., were badly damaged by dynamite. The house of Peter Weaver escaped a similar fate because the fuse to the explosive did not burn its full length. Mrs. Schrodding's two sons and the other men named were non-union workmen.

After hovering between life and death since last December, Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis, the victim of one of the most mysterious attacks in the history of the District of Columbia, died at the Garfield hospital in Washington. With her death the last hope of the solution of the mystery has disappeared. Mrs. Dennis came from Gettysburg, Pa., and married Walter Dennis, a Washington actor. She was found Dec. 10 insensible in her bedroom. Various theories were advanced as to the motive of the crime, but no definite clue was ever obtained. She never recovered sufficiently to talk rationally.

### WESTERN.

Frank Norris, the novelist, was operated upon at San Francisco for appendicitis. The operation was successful.

Special session of the Ohio Legislature which convened Aug. 25 has adjourned and the municipal code becomes law.

American Railway Association closed its meeting at Detroit. The next convention will be held in New York in April.

University of Chicago trustees voted to segregate men and women students for two years; thirteen out of sixteen favored the policy.

John D. Rockefeller has given to the Teachers' College of Columbia University \$500,000, with a proviso that it raise a similar amount.

Vault of Wechter & Weinmann, jewelers on sixth floor of Masonic Temple in Chicago, was robbed of \$8,000 worth of unset precious stones.

Both Williams and Wheeler were found guilty in tax conspiracy cases in Chicago and sentenced to pay fines and terms in county jail.

Frank Norris, the well-known novelist and war correspondent, died in San Francisco of appendicitis. He submitted to an operation for that malady.

Burglars blew open three safes in Belgrade, Neb., securing \$200 at the Union Pacific depot, \$125 at the postoffice and \$100 at Cooley's lumber yard.

At the Kansas City horse show Thornton, Pa., owned by J. A. Potts of Mexico, Mo., was sold to Montgomery Ward for La Belle Knoll farm for \$2,500.

Senator Hanna nearly broke down while speaking at Indianapolis and was forced to stop. He had spoken at nine Indiana cities before reaching the State capital.

Twenty-five indictments against alleged grave robbers were returned by the grand jury in Indianapolis. Of the whole number of indictments returned, ten only were made known.

Local train No. 11 on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway, from Lima to Cincinnati, ran into an open switch south of Elwood and twelve persons were injured.

William Coates, 38 years old, who murdered his mother in the suburbs of St. Joseph, Mo., six weeks ago, in order to get possession of her property, was condemned to be hanged Dec. 8.

William C. Spangler, acting chancellor of the University of Kansas in 1880 and 1890, and again from 1900 to 1902, died at Lawrence, Kan., of consumption. He had been in failing health many months.

Thomas May, a farmer living six miles north of Larimore, N. D., was held up on his way home and robbed of \$2,500. Two men with a shotgun made him hand over the money. May had just sold some fax.

Indictment against all Cleveland labor unions granted by Judge Ford of United States Court of Common Pleas to prevent distribution of boycott cards against restaurant because its employees are not union members.

The Kansas City Star has bought a block of ground 800x255 feet in size in the east bottom in that city, and on it will erect a mill to manufacture all the white paper used in the publication of the afternoon Star and morning Times.

Hector A. Holmes, inventor of the first patent twin bicycle, died at the home of his son, Dr. Bryant Holmes, in Chicago.

aged 73 years. Mr. Holmes was a native of Vermont. For a number of years he was a resident of Hobbs Falls, N. Y., and later of Austin, Minn.

The Supreme Court at Olympia, Wash., decided that a Japanese cannot become a citizen of the United States. The point came up directly in the matter of the admission of a young Japanese lawyer to the bar of that State, the law making citizenship a qualification for admission.

Harvey Lillie, 38 years old, was shot by burglars at David City, Neb., while he was in bed and fatally injured. The burglars found \$350 in the house. Mr. Lillie owned three bloodhounds. Two of them were poisoned and died. Lillie is the agent for a grain company which has elevators all over Nebraska.

There was a narrow escape from fire in one of the coal bunkers of the battleship Oregon at San Francisco. The 100 tons of coal in that compartment becoming heated and getting off the thermostat alarm. The thermostat was set for 150-degree temperature. The compartment was flooded and all possible danger overcome.

Marshall O. Waggoner, for sixty years a prominent attorney of Toledo, Ohio, whose conversion from a widely known materialistic infidel to an equally aggressive Christian upon the death of his wife was accompanied by the public burning of his extensive library at Toledo some years ago, died at Detroit, at the age of 90 years.

Telegrams from Havre, Mont., say that a fearful state of affairs exists as a result of the epidemic of swine fever among the Cree Indians, who were driven across the Canadian border. It is alleged, by the Canadian mounted police. On the Blackfoot reservation they spread the infection, and it is reported the epidemic is raging there.

Word has been received of the robbery of a Northern Pacific mail train between Bismarck and Drummond, Mont. The engine and mail car were broken into and robbed of all registered matter, but no other cars touched. The train was due to arrive at Drummond at 12:30, but did not come in. Investigation located the train stalled.

Twelve persons were injured, one probably fatally, and scores of others were thrown into a panic in a grade-crossing accident at Thirty-first street and the tracks of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad in Chicago. A crowded electric car crashed into a moving engine and was hurled from the tracks and dragged some distance.

Former Congressman S. A. Cook of Neenah has organized a company for the establishment of a paper and pulp mill in the northern part of Minnesota. The capital stock is placed at \$250,000. A fine mill site with plenty of water has been located. The company has several thousand acres of poplar and spruce timber bought or under contract.

While 5,000 people were waiting beside the track for the special train bringing Senator Hanna to Marion, Ind., a freight train on the Pennsylvania Railroad ran through the crowd. A brake rod on a flat car protruded over the side and knocked over several people. Alexander Ford, 68 years old, an inmate of the Soldiers' home in Chicago, was killed. A crowd of rioters struck on the head, fracturing his skull. He will die.

Y. Hidaka, a Japanese said to have come from Seattle, entered a Japanese boarding house in Sacramento and shot three of his nationality—Mr. and Mrs. T. Yoshimoto and M. Tokutomi—killing all of them. He then escaped. It is asserted that Hidaka became infatuated with Mrs. Yoshimoto and followed her and her husband from Seattle determined to murder both.

H. J. Haviland, a Chicago attorney, administrator of the estate of J. T. Willis, went to Toledo, Ohio, in search of J. J. Smith, nephew of the deceased, who is heir to \$70,000. Haviland found Joseph James Smith employed as a man of all work on the farm of Hiram Worden, three miles from Toledo. Smith fully established his identity and his right to the fortune and he and Haviland departed for Chicago.

Walking Shield, a Rosebud Indian, was hanged at Sioux Falls, S. D., for the murder of Mrs. Ghost-Faced Bear on the Rosebud Indian reservation, May 8, 1902. On the way to the gallows the Indian joked with the marshals. The murdered woman was the mother of the girl with whom Walking Shield was enamored, and the Indian killed her "so she would be in the way." On the last night of his life at sundown Walking Shield sang a weird death song, as is the custom of Indians about to die.

### SOUTHERN.

The Kentucky Confederate Veterans' Home at Pewee Valley, Ky., was dedicated the other day.

The National Wagon Manufacturers' Association met at Memphis, elected officers and chose Chicago as the next meeting place.

John C. Kyle, who shot and killed Joseph Danley, a prominent contractor of Parkersburg, W. Va., was sentenced to life imprisonment.

Dr. Ed. Boynton of Paint Lick, Ky., died from an effect of the cold, the day preceding night with John C. Siler, who also was seriously wounded.

The Standard Oil Company has closed a deal with the owners of the Wheeling Natural Gas Company by which the Standard will take control. The price paid is said to have been \$2,500,000.

Judge Harnshaw, after a court hearing at Brookville, Ky., refused to grant an injunction restraining teachers in the local public schools from conducting devotional exercises and having Bible readings.

After being tried in legal form and procedure for criminal assault and murder and given the death penalty in each case, Jim Wesley and Reddick Barton, negroes, were taken from the authorities of Hempstead, Texas, and lynched in the public square by an infuriated mob.

Miss Williamson, daughter of Horace Williamson, a prominent farmer, was slain and killed by an unknown person near Chapel Hill, Ky., as she was returning from church, accompanied by Mr. Brown. The assailant was hidden in the woods. As Brown recently had a quarrel with a rival and the rival was shot, it is thought that the shots were intended for Brown.

### FOREIGN.

The depreciation in the value of silver has cost the Insular government in the Philippines approximately \$1,000,000 in gold, as it is carrying \$10,000,000 in silver. Further depreciation will increase the loss. The official rate is \$240 silver for \$100 gold.

News of the death in London, England,

of Prof. Sidney H. Short, formerly of Cleveland, a famous electrical engineer, has been received. The Short was a pioneer in the electrical world, having done more than any other man in the perfection of electric railways.

A message received at the London foreign office from Gen. Manning, dated at Berbera, capital of Somaliland, announces that the force commanded by Col. Swaine, which was threatened with destruction by the army, commanded by the Mad Mullah, has reached Buhotio in safety.

At Copenhagen, the landsting rejected the second reading of the bill providing for the ratification of the treaty between Denmark and the United States in regard to the cession of the Danish West Indies to the latter country. The vote stood 32 to 32, a tie.

From authoritative sources the correspondence of the Associated Press has learned that France, Great Britain and Germany have concluded an agreement for the military evacuation of Shanghai by their forces. These negotiations also have brought about an important extension of the open door policy, as urged by Secretary Hay.

### IN GENERAL.

Prince of Wales and Crown Prince of Germany are likely to visit St. Louis in connection with the exposition at President Roosevelt's invitation.

Purchase of iron ore properties worth \$38,000,000 by independent steel companies of Pittsburgh thought to foreshadow a fight with combine.

Merchants' Association of New York, representing 35,000 firms and a capital of \$200,000,000, plans to secure American control of Cuban markets.

Country's prosperity is shown by inability of railroads to furnish transportation, in spite of recent increases. Dun & Co.'s review reported October railroad earnings 4.5 per cent over 1901.

Anthracite coal price has been advanced 50 cents by President Haer to cover extra expenses of miners' strike and possible increase in wages; 70 per cent of miners have failed to get jobs back.

Nearly all the details of the big lead recently conducted and the building company, with a capital of \$90,000,000, which is to be incorporated under the laws of New Jersey, will be formed by Jan. 1.

Col. Mosby, special agent of the Interior Department, reports that cattle raisers are illegally occupying millions of acres of public lands in the West which ought to be open to homestead settlers.

A daughter was born the other day to Mrs. Lewis Rutherford Morris, who was formerly Miss Katherine Clark, daughter of the millionaire Senator from Montana. The child is even now helpless to \$20,000,000.

One of the worst storms that ever raged in Behring sea swept the Nome coast recently. Three lives were lost in the Nome sea and much damage was done to buildings along the water front. Three persons were drowned.

A general order to the army has been issued announcing that by direction of the President the organization of enlisted strength of the army under the reorganization act of Feb. 2, 1901, shall be reduced to 56,950, the minimum authorized by law.

The Lake Seamen's Union has sent out a circular to vessel owners demanding an increase in wages to lookouts, watchmen and deckhands. The watchmen and deckhands want \$90 per month and the lookouts an advance of 25 cents per day, effective Nov. 1.

The American board, in view of the hint that the Sultan of Turkey would regard Miss Ellen Stone, the renowned missionary, as persona non-grata and refuse her permission to land in his dominions, will probably not assign her to her old field of work in Macedonia.

The steamer Centennial, from Alaska, reports the loss of two vessels, the schooner Courtney Ford and the ship Louis Walsh, both of San Francisco, and the death of four men. The Ford went ashore on Izen Island the evening of Sept. 7 and the Walsh was lost on the spit near Dutch harbor during a gale on Oct. 14.

Gen. Custer was slain by a Sioux warrior of the name of Appearing Elk, according to Rev. Philip Doloria of Flora, S. D., formerly a Sioux chief, but now a minister attending the council of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Philadelphia. Rev. Mr. Doloria gives the solution of the Little Big Horn mystery of 1876 in the words of Custer's slayer himself.

Secretary Root has approved a preliminary plan for the expenditure of the appropriation of \$500,000 intended to provide substitutes at military posts for the centennial, which has been abolished by legislation. The intention is to provide recreation rooms, gymnasiums and other amusements for the soldiers. The appropriation was made in the last army supply bill.

Reports from Juneau, Alaska, say that United States Judge Brown has word from Commissioner Gerton of Porencina that Johnnie Stiek, an Indian, has gulped a live snake. The intention is to provide recreation rooms, gymnasiums and other amusements for the soldiers. The appropriation was made in the last army supply bill.

The harvesting machine trust is being rapidly put into shape. All of the various plants are now the property of the International Harvester Company. The amount raised for financing the enterprise was \$65,000,000, half of which is to be devoted to paying off minority stockholders in the companies merged, the balance to form the working capital. It is said the working contract went into effect Sept. 1.

The Tepee Hotel at Fairbury, B. C., was destroyed by fire. The body has been taken from the ruins. The body has been taken from the ruins. The body has been taken from the ruins.

The fire started in the furnace room, and the flames shooting up the stairway, quickly cut off escape except through the windows. The guests on the first floor escaped easily, but many of those above were badly hurt, either by the flames or by leaping to the ground.

According to the estimate of the correspondent of the New England Home, the apple crop throughout the country this year will be 43,000,000 barrels, against 27,000,000 barrels in 1901. In the old orchard sections of the Middle and Eastern States the increase after last year's failure is pronounced. In the central West there are also sharp gains, while in the Southwest, a territory lately favored by exceptionally good yields, the crop this season is deficient. As for quality, it is far from satisfactory in the Central and Western States, but in New England is very much better.

### DIE IN A FIRE TRAP.

Many Victims of a Blaze in Big Chicago Building.

Twelve men or more killed, thrice as many injured and financial loss of \$500,000 are the net results of a fire in Chicago Tuesday night that destroyed six large buildings comprising part of the Corn Products Company's plant at West Taylor street and the river. A furious gale swept huge brands over the city, endangering millions of dollars' worth of property and causing a score of small fires, the subduing of which kept engine companies not at the big blaze busy.

The fire, which originated in the corner-crushing and feed-drying department of the extensive plant, was a veritable furnace before it was discovered. Thirty-four men were in the building. Most of them were on the fifth and sixth floors when the flames erupted. They took to the windows. Some jumped into lifeboats, some leaped to death and others were seen falling back into the flame behind them.

Firemen almost lost self-control when they approached from all parts of the city. Five buildings were in flames when the department began the work of saving the city from what seemed a threat of general disaster. Though the principal building of the glucose plant, a thirteen-story structure standing directly across the face of the terrible force of destruction, it was saved as though by a miracle.

From the first to the thirteenth story it was wrapped in flames. Every window on the west side of the structure was alive with fire. Only quick action of the department in connecting a sprinkler system with the fireplug Illinois in the river saved the big building, which had been burned, would have swelled the property loss to \$1,000,000 and would have caused a blaze that could not have been confined to the building itself. It was an appalling prospect for a full three-quarters of an hour and the firemen struggled as they had not struggled in years. Fifty thousand people watched the imposing spectacle. Wall-to-wall by viaducts the blaze was surrounded with miles of elevated standing room, on all of which swarmed the spectators. It was a spectacular show that needed no rehearsing and none in years has drawn so large a crowd of spectators. The flames lit up the sky all over the city and the tides of sparks rolled northward before the wind.

### BISHOP M'CABE BACK HOME.

Finds Church Affairs in South American Prosperous.

Bishop McCabe of the Methodist Church has just returned to this country after being absent from the United States for eleven months.

During which he has visited the missions of his church in South America, Germany, Switzerland, Denmark and Denmark. His trip to Europe was largely to enable Bishop Vincent, who has charge of the missions on that continent, to return to the United States on business connected with the church.

While in South America Bishop McCabe says he made some interesting discoveries. At Concepcion, Chili, a city of 51,000 inhabitants, he found two large boarding and day schools, one for boys and the other for girls, with several hundred students and a large corps of teachers. The schools are so prosperous financially that all expenses are paid from tithes and there is a profit to be used for the support of native preachers.

The bishop found that the desire for education in the South American countries, which is steadily increasing, gives the missionaries unprecedented opportunities for reaching and influencing the masses of the people.

A decree gazetted by the Russian minister of marine requires the exclusive use of Russian materials in the construction of all Russian ships, with the exception of vessels built abroad.

The government of Ecuador, through its minister in Washington, has appealed to the State Department for the intervention of the United States between Ecuador and Brazil in the case of the disputed territory of Acre.

Income tax returns in England for 1901 show that fifteen persons paid tax on incomes exceeding \$250,000. Their total being assessed at \$75,000. The great number of payments was on incomes between \$800 and \$1,000.

Military officials at Chicago held to blame for the murder of Miss Eleanor Lewis and Dr. Bruce. The new charged general conditions are improved. French and British gunboats are now in the harbor. United States Minister Clegg thinks a recurrence of Boxer out is possible.

Great Britain postoffices now accept parcels for transmission to the United States and a similar service is to be inaugurated from the United States to Great Britain. The Cunard and White Star lines will carry the parcels and the American Express Company will deliver them. The charges will be 24 cents for a three-pound package and 72 cents for those weighing from seven to eleven pounds, with additional charge of 24 cents for a British customs clearing fee. The American customs fee will also be added.

Special agents have been appointed in Johannesburg to search out and help the destitute families in the Transvaal. The sufferers are those who remained on the veldt throughout the war and through privation and other reasons have not asked for relief.

Lord Milner, governor of the Transvaal, left Johannesburg on a long tour of the Western Transvaal, the most fertile part of the country, and where a large number of Boers are back on their farms. It is expected that this visit will do much good by bringing the governor in closer touch with the people.

## COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

New York.

Settlement of the coal strike removes the only serious handicap to industrial progress. Five months of restricted fuel production had begun to check the wheels at many manufacturing centers, while there was a perceptible diminution in consumptive demands, as the purchasing power of the wage-men steadily decreased. Savings have been exhausted, and much money has gone out of the country because of this struggle, but the nation's remarkably strong position assures a speedy restoration of prosperous conditions. The foregoing is from the Weekly Trade Review of R. G. Dun & Co. It continues:

Transportation is now the worst feature, and threatens to continue disturbed. While the grain crops are being moved the supply of rolling stock and motive power will prove insufficient, although every effort is made at the shops. Liberal premiums being offered for early delivery. That the railways are well equipped is evidenced by earnings for the first week of October 3.5 per cent larger than last year and 10.9 per cent above 1900.

Inadequate supplies of fuel caused further banking of furnaces, but the effect of a decreased output of domestic pig iron has been partly neutralized by larger arrivals from abroad. Practically no price can be named for immediate delivery of home iron, and there is no disposition to make concessions for distant contracts. Owing to the abnormal coke situation. Fortunately there has been little interruption at finishing mills, and the output of rails, structural material and kindred lines is well maintained. Consumers not only find difficulty in securing steel from the mills but encounter a further delay on the railways, which are unable to handle freight promptly. Orders come forward freely for the heavier lines, numerous contracts being offered for steel rails for next year's delivery, and the plans for buildings and bridges keep a lot of business in steel in heavy channels and angles. Plates for shipyards are also sought freely, prices tending upward on tank steel. Higher freight rates have checked imports of finished steel.

### Chicago.

The railroads continue piling up earnings and notwithstanding the great declines naturally to be expected in the reports of the automobile road, the forty-three leading lines show an aggregate increase for the first week in October of 0.18 per cent over the corresponding week last year. The Great Western remains an uncertain factor in the western rate situation. The Milwaukee is believed to be contemplating an extension to the coast, although the latest report says traffic arrangements have been perfected with the Union Pacific and that the Milwaukee will not build, at least not at present. There is some grumbling on the part of railway employees in the West, but nothing has occurred to warrant any uneasiness or apprehension of any trouble.

Cooler weather has helped retail trade. Moderate advances are noted in many commodities, while iron and steel are materially higher. With coal obtainable many furnaces that have been crippled for a month or more are expected to resume operations. The automobile road is making a large scale. The Northwest is making substantial gains in the general volume of business. The Northwest lends the country. Last week Minneapolis broke every previous record with a production of 443,830 barrels of flour. The flour demand is good, with inquiry coming from every quarter and the prospect favorable for heavy grinding by the Northwest mills to the end of the year. Grain receipts are increasing, and the country's food and manufacturing lines are doing a factory business. The banks report the financial tone very favorable.

The wheat market has been continuously strong, partly in sympathy with the strength in corn. There is little wheat in Minneapolis and not more than enough coming to supply the mills, while millers selling flour freely have been able to sell every day for wheat to arrive. The market is strong, partly in sympathy with the strength in corn. There is little wheat in Minneapolis and not more than enough coming to supply the mills, while millers selling flour freely have been able to sell every day for wheat to arrive.

## THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$7.00; hogs, \$4.25 to \$7.00; sheep, \$3.50 to \$7.00; corn, \$2.50 to \$7.00; wheat, \$2.50 to \$7.00; flour, \$2.50 to \$7.00; butter, \$2.50 to \$7.00; eggs, \$2.50 to \$7.00; potatoes, \$2.50 to \$7.00; beans, \$2.50 to \$7.00; peas, \$2.50 to \$7.00; lentils, \$2.50 to \$7.00; chickpeas, \$2.50 to \$7.00; mung beans, \$2.50 to \$7.00; soybeans, \$2.50 to \$7.00; rice, \$2.50 to \$7.00; sugar, \$2.50 to \$7.00; coffee, \$2.50 to \$7.00; tea, \$2.50 to \$7.00; spices, \$2.50 to \$7.00; fruits, \$2.50 to \$7.00; vegetables, \$2.50 to \$7.00; nuts, \$2.50 to \$7.00; seeds, \$2.50 to \$7.00; oil, \$2.50 to \$7.00; alcohol, \$2.50 to \$7.00; tobacco, \$2.50 to \$7.00; paper, \$2.50 to \$7.00; cloth, \$2.50 to \$7.00; shoes, \$2.50 to \$7.00; hats, \$2.50 to \$7.00; jewelry, \$2.50 to \$7.0



## BACK TO THE MINES.

### THE GREAT ANTHRACITE COAL STRIKE DECLARED OFF.

Miners' Convention at Wilkesbarre Adopts President Roosevelt's Arbitration Plan by Unanimous Vote—Commission Meets at Once.

By a unanimous viva voce vote the convention of United Mine Workers at Wilkesbarre, Pa., accepted President Roosevelt's arbitration plan shortly before noon Tuesday. Great cheers greeted the announcement of the result. The resolution as adopted carries with it a declaration that the strike is off and provides for an immediate resumption of work in the coal mines throughout the anthracite region.

President Mitchell told the convention that President Roosevelt had informed him that he would call a meeting of the arbitration commission immediately after the convention's acceptance of his proposal. Mr. Mitchell gave it as his opinion to the delegates that the findings of the arbitrators would be announced within a month.

The end of the convention and of the great strike which has lasted five months suddenly appeared close at hand. President Mitchell, after the convention had given itself over to heated debate for an hour and a half, arose and calmly told the delegates that it must be apparent to all of them that there was no doubt whatever that the President's proposal would be adopted. There had been a renewal of the serious opposition of the status men and heated words had passed between delegates.

#### Vote Is Unanimous.

Explanations of the President's proposal had been made in four foreign languages. There seemed to be more opposition than ever to settlement, when suddenly there was a break in the clouds when a motion was put by a delegate down in front, near the presiding officer.

In a clear voice the strike leader called for a vote on the all-important question and instantly there was a roar of ayes. The next instant messengers were flying in all directions from the convention to give the news to the world through the newspapers.

Hundreds of miners who were not delegates filled the sidewalks and streets near the entrance to the Nesbitt Theater, where the convention had met, and the news quickly spread among the men, and the faces of men who had suffered hardships since last May at once became brighter.

After the strike had been declared off there was some routine business, including the usual votes of thanks, and then shortly before 1 o'clock the convention adjourned sine die.

It was evident when the delegates assembled that they were in a most hopeful mood. Some said that the arbitration committee would be even of more benefit

## A WELCOME EVENT.



Uncle Sam—"I am mighty glad you came, boys; I was clear down to the bottom of the bin."

### SOFT COAL NEEDS CARE.

Those Who Use Bituminous Fuel Must Learn to Handle It.

How many people understand how to burn soft coal? Of course, the problem presents but little difficulty when proper furnaces and specially prepared grates are installed for the purpose, but when one turns hurriedly from one to the other fuel with the determination to make present findings do, something more than a will is required to find the way. Of course, there is a way and it is simple enough in reality, but it is a very different way from that which must be employed with anthracite.

In the feed door of every furnace there is a slide damper to admit air over the fire. When anthracite is used this is opened only if it is desired to deaden the fire and lower the temperature of the house. With soft coal it must be left open all the time.

Too much air for good combustion can be admitted over the fire, but it is not likely to be the case if the slide damper in the feed door of a furnace built for anthracite is left wide open all the time. The drafts opening in the ash pit, on the other hand, needs to be less widely and continuously open than for anthracite.

### MISS CLARA BARTON, WHOM PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT HONORED.



Miss Clara Barton, who was given the extraordinary honor of being escorted to her seat on the stage by President Roosevelt at the public gathering in Detroit, in which the President addressed the veterans of the Spanish war, has been the president of the American National

## GOV. YATES' HOLD.

Group of Illinois' Chief Executive Upon the Affairs of State and Nation.

That stalwart republican paper, the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, which at all times has taken great interest in Illinois politics recently contained the following editorial on our state affairs:

"In his first speech of the campaign, delivered at Anna, Ill., Gov. Yates showed a thorough knowledge of public business and an intelligent grasp of the whole situation that must be highly gratifying to the people of the third state in the union. The details relating to the state finances are proof of able management since the republicans resumed control. When Gov. Altgeld took hold there was on hand a balance of \$2,800,000 left by Gov. Fifer. In four years of Altgeld \$10,000,000 more was appropriated, and when he retired he left only \$200,000, with \$791,000 in unpaid bills. To-day the treasury contains \$3,900,000 and the state tax rate has been reduced 12 percent. The war claim of the state against the government for \$1,000,000 has been collected, and Gov. Yates feels a justifiable pride in the fact that, after 40 years, the matter has been settled during his administration. Though the needs of the state are constantly growing, the first session of the Yates administration kept the increase down to 25 per cent. less than the usual average.

"Gov. Yates in his Anna address reviewed the work of the score of state boards and brought out the fact that they are accomplishing greater results at lower cost than similar agencies in other leading states. This is true of the military department with its 8,000 men; food inspection, factory inspection and labor; the department with jurisdiction of railroads and warehouses; the state board of health, which has raised the standard of medical practice and suppressed dangerous epidemics; the boards of mine inspectors and examiners, that look after the interests of 40,000 men, and the state board of arbitration, which has adjusted strikes and lockouts affecting thousands of workmen and involving many million dollars. The governor treated the merit system in temperate, rational manner and approved fitness as the basis of all appointments. He favors employment for convicts that will not conflict with the interests of free labor. In more than 40 years of republican control Illinois has never lost one cent through official misconduct. It is a great record in that and other respects, and Gov. Yates' administration fully maintains the high level. His Anna address will be carefully read throughout the state. It is a showing of which every republican will feel proud."

## CONSISTENT INCONSISTENCE.

Democrats Want the Country to Turn Against the Republicans for Bringing Prosperity.

The principal argument on the democratic side in the campaign of 1896 was that money was too dear. The producer had to give up too much for each dollar taken in by him, was the cry of Mr. Bryan and his followers. What the country needed was more money, any kind of money, so that the supply would become so plentiful that people would be willing to give up a great deal of it for the things which they needed. It was a shame that so large a quantity of any commodity had to be given in exchange for a dollar. The democratic party insisted that the country's greatest need was a cheaper dollar, and Mr. Bryan proposed that a flood of 50-cent silver dollars be precipitated upon the people.

The people refused to heed the argument of the democratic party in 1896, and again in 1900. They would have no half-price dollars. But the supply of money increased steadily, and the dollars that have been added to the nation's wealth are all of the good, old-fashioned 100-cent variety. Still, because of the increase in the supply, money is cheaper. The producer no longer gives as much in exchange for each dollar received by him as he gave in 1896. And now the democratic party is howling that money is too cheap!

Part of the democratic campaign books is devoted to an exhibit of the advance in the prices of commodities, from 1897 to 1902, and the people are asked to condemn and turn against the republican party because it has brought this condition about. "See how the cost of living has increased!" is the cry of the democratic newspapers.

In short, in 1896, when money was dear, the democratic party wanted it cheap; now that it is cheap, that party wants it made dear.

Thus there is placed in evidence again the one policy in adherence to which the democratic party is consistent in inconsistency—to declare that whatever is, is wrong.

### "HELP WANTED."

Striking Contrast Between Labor Conditions of 1896 and Those of the Present Time.

The American Economist presents a striking contrast between labor conditions in this country in 1896 and 1902. This is made up from the record of "want ads." in the daily papers of 25 large cities from Boston to San Francisco. In 1896 the great majority of these "ads." were under the heading "Situations Wanted;" in 1902 the great majority are under the heading "Help Wanted." In the New York Sunday Herald advertisements during August, 1896, there were 4,710 for situations and 1,900 for help wanted. A summary of the advertisements in the same paper for 1902 shows that 5,929 were for situations wanted and 6,365 for help wanted. A summary of the advertisements in 40 papers published in 25 of the principal cities of Sunday, August 24, 1902, shows 2,523 situations wanted by females, 3,036 by males, or a total of 5,559. Compared with this there were 7,692 advertisements of male help wanted and 5,254 for female help wanted, making a total of 12,946 such advertisements, or four times as many as for situations wanted. Many of these ads. for help wanted called for several hundred or thousand men. The Seattle Post-Intelligencer published one ad. calling for 1,500 men, and the San Francisco Examiner's ads. on that date called for 17,000 persons. It is estimated by the compiler of these figures that there was advertised for on that date not less than 500,000 persons to fill situations at good wages.

It is a striking contrast from the cry of 1896 when men and women were begging for work, to that of to-day when employers are crying for help and advertising for half a million persons to go to work. The condition of 1896 was that created by a low tariff under a democratic administration. The conditions to-day when there are not enough working people for the places has been created by the Dingley protective tariff.

### CANNOT STAND THE TEST.

Tariff Abolitionists Have a Theory Which Will Not Be Supported by Facts.

Advocates of the proposed policy to remove the tariff from all products that are controlled by a monopoly assert that the adoption of that policy would prevent the placing of high prices on such products. Would it? Let us see. The Albany (N.Y.) Journal answers the question most satisfactorily.

"As nearly as anything can be monopolized in this country, the supply of hard coal is. While there is no combination in evidence, it is well understood that there is a working agreement among the mine owners and coal-carrying roads that is effective in controlling the supply and fixing and maintaining prices. Just now, because of the strike in the anthracite region, consumers in many cities are compelled to pay exorbitant prices for coal. When work is at last resumed in the mines, even though the operators fulfill their promise not to advance prices above those of the regular schedule, consumers in many localities will nevertheless have to pay prices above the normal, because retailers will take advantage of the comparative paucity of the supply that will prevail for some time.

But there is no duty imposed on anthracite. It is admitted free. The test of the theory is in its application. Plainly the tariff abolitionists' theory cannot stand it.

## ILLINOIS COUNTRY PRESS.

It is taking part of the time of the democratic press to explain why the trusts are making liberal donations to the democratic campaign fund.—Goleonda Herald-Enterprise.

The democratic party has a record on the trust question, and it is not taking any particular pains to flaunt it before the people, if you notice.—Goleonda Herald-Enterprise.

The democrats have paid so much attention to the weeds in the republican fences that they have quite forgotten the dilapidated condition of their own boundaries.—Harvard Herald.

Illinois republicans should not act upon the theory that this is an off year, and not go to the polls. Let every member of the party turn out and perform his duties as a good citizen.—Greenville Advocate.

Like the drowning man grasping at a straw, the democratic party will hang on to free trade this year. And its buoyancy is an uncertain quantity. The American people have not forgotten what free trade did a few years ago.—McHenry Plaindealer.

Mr. Bryan says: "Our present prosperity is not going to last." That will depend upon the success of the democratic party. If that party gets in we may naturally expect, judging from past experiences, a temporary check, at least.—Shawneetown News-Gleaner.

Every issue ever presented by the democrats has been turned down sooner or later by the voters of this country. Every time they gave a democratic principle a trial they have had cause to regret. Every time the voters have rejected a democratic issue and accepted the republican issue, they have had cause to rejoice.—Nashville Journal.

When you read in a democratic paper, or hear a democratic orator complain that the trust question has been passed over without congressional action, call their attention to the fact that every national statute looking to the control of trusts, met with the hearty support of the republicans in and out of congress, but was bitterly opposed by the democratic congressmen and democratic leaders.—Geneva Republican.

Mr. Bryan cannot understand why it is that the people will no longer listen to his gospel of strife, contention and hatred. This shouldn't be difficult to comprehend. The people now realize that it is the height of folly to squander their energies in foolish contentions. They know that it is the part of wisdom to unite and harmonize the energies which must work together for the common good.—Streator Free Press.

The question up for discussion being whether the average man is better off to-day than he was in 1896, the Globe-Democrat takes the floor and suggests that the man be made a witness himself and be asked: "Would you like to return to the times under the last democratic administration?" The chances are that his feet were sore then hunting for a job. To-day he is busy, prosperous and happy.—Monmouth Republican-Athas.

## Good Financial Showing.

"Once again the State of Illinois has recovered from the days of democratic treasury looting. The recovery has required time and a temporary increase in the tax rate, but the treasury increase has regained something of its former respectable proportions. The debts which were left as a legacy from the Altgeld administration have been paid and on the 7th of this month of October, 1902, there was in the treasury a working balance of \$3,042,070."—Governor Yates in speech at Anna, Illinois, on October 9th, 1902.

### NOT COMPARABLE.

The Policies of the Republicans and the Democrats Cannot Be Held Parallel.

The master republicans can reduce the rates without peril to our vast industrial edifices, but if democrats should make precisely the same reductions that would not be revision—it would be free trade.—Chicago Chronicle (dem.).

That is not a fair statement and the Chronicle knows it. "If the democrats would make precisely the same reductions" is a fallacious assumption. We have the solemn and reiterated pledges of the democrats that they would not "make precisely the same reductions," or anything approaching a similarity. The fundamental principle of a democratic tariff is the reverse of the republican principle. The latter would tax imports of the same class as those that are or can be produced in this country. The two policies are diametrically opposed to each other. It is, therefore, folly and a waste of time to talk about a democratic congress making "precisely the same reductions" as republicans would make. It is comparing things that are not comparable.

## MEN INSTRUMENTAL IN SETTLING THE GREAT COAL STRIKE.



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.



J. PIERPONT MORGAN.



JOHN MITCHELL.

to future generations in the coal fields than it is customary to give hard coal, soft coal would simulate the combustion in a blast furnace and call for constant stoking. The householder must also remember that the check draft in the smoke pipe, which with anthracite is usually

With the same amount of bottom draft which it is customary to give hard coal, soft coal would simulate the combustion in a blast furnace and call for constant stoking. The householder must also remember that the check draft in the smoke pipe, which with anthracite is usually

### EX-BANDIT ENDS HIS LIFE.

James Younger Kills Himself in a Fight at St. Paul.

James Younger, the famous ex-bandit, who was paroled a little over a year ago from the penitentiary at Stillwater, killed himself in a room in the Reardon Hotel in St. Paul, Minn. He was evidently insane. He was found with a revolver clutched in his right hand. He had used his left hand to steady the revolver when he held it to his temple. His JIM YOUNGER.

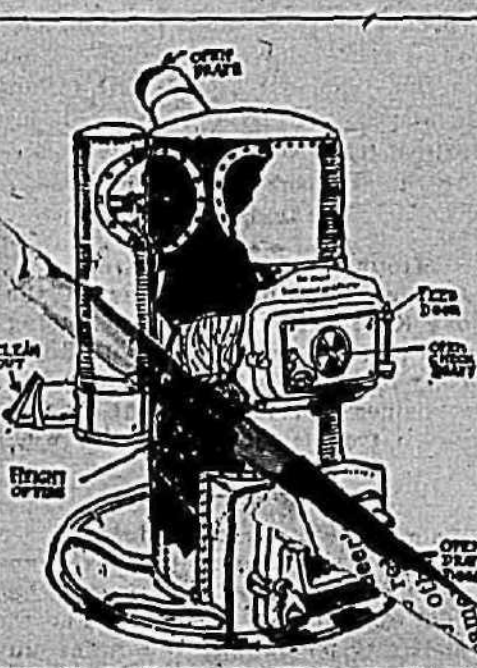
The police found a package of letters that had passed between Younger and a woman with whom he is said to have been in love. The woman, who is prominently connected, is said to have reciprocated his affection, and it was reported at one time that they were to be married. Her friends raised objections, and a further obstacle was the fact that it was pointed out that a paroled prisoner could not legally contract a marriage. The couple determined to disregard the objections of relatives and an effort was made to overcome the other obstacle by securing from the state board of pardons a full pardon and restoration to citizenship. This effort failed, and this, it is thought, had much to do with Younger's determination to end his life.

Half-Billion Grocery Combine.

An immense grocery combine, with a capital of \$500,000,000, to include all the wholesale grocers in the United States, is the next great commercial enterprise that will be announced, it is said. The Interstate Grocer, of St. Louis, gives credence to the organization of such a combine and states that George D. Hartford of New York City is the moving spirit in the enterprise.

Red Cross Association since its organization in 1881. She is one of the most honored philanthropists in the world. Miss Barton is a native of Massachusetts and is now 72 years old.

### HOW TO MANIPULATE FURNACE DRAFTS.



kept open in moderate weather, cannot be opened much if any with soft coal, or the house will fill with smoke.

The best way is to leave it closed all together. With the attention to these details, which reverse the customary practice with anthracite, a furnace may be run on bituminous coal so as to keep a house entirely comfortable.

To the novice perhaps the most difficult problem will be in keeping the fire going all night, but even this is easy when one knows how to do it. In this case the first requisite is one or two big lumps of coal, big enough between them to cover completely the entire surface of the fire, then slack must be heaped high over this and beaten or pressed down into a solid mass as possible. A fire thus kindled will burn from twelve to fourteen hours in most cases. It may be necessary also to dampen the top of the fuel.

Patronize those who advertise.

Statistics of the Strike.	
Strike began May 12, 1902, duration	102 days
Miners and others thrown out of work	123,600
Number of women affected	108,000
Number of children affected	235,000
Capital invested in coal mines	\$11,600,000
Loss to operators in price of coal	\$5,100,000
Loss to strikers in wages	\$2,700,000
Loss to employers other than strikers	8,000,000
Loss to railroads in earnings	18,400,000
Loss to business men in the regions	10,800,000
Loss to business men outside the regions	10,800,000
Cost of maintaining coal and iron police	2,500,000



## BANK OF ANTIOCH

EDWARD BROOK,  
BANKER

Buy and Sell Exchange, and do a General  
Banking Business.

## WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 55 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH  
Lv. Chicago, 8:30 AM—No. 6, Daily ex Sunday 10:30 AM  
1:30 PM—No. 7, Daily ex Sunday 8:30 PM  
4:30 PM—No. 19, Daily ex Sunday 10:30 PM  
8:30 AM—Sunday Special 10:30 AM

GOING SOUTH  
Lv. Antioch, 6:30 AM—No. 14, Daily ex Sunday 10:30 AM  
11:17 AM—No. 8, Daily ex Sunday 1:15 PM  
4:20 PM—No. 6, Daily ex Sunday 8:30 PM  
8:05 PM—No. 2, Daily ex Sunday 10:30 PM  
W. F. ZIEGLER, Agent, Antioch.



LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting neighbors always welcome. W. R. WILLIAMS, V. C., C. M. CONFER, Clerk.

SEQUOIA LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evening of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome. E. L. SIMONS, W. M., L. M. HOGGERS, Sec.

### Type of Western Woman.

Mrs. Alice B. Gossage of Rapid City, S. D., is a type of western energy and pluck. She can edit and print a newspaper, and has frequently shouldered the work of the Rapid City Daily Journal, which her husband edits. She is an expert typesetter, and as a writer has a crisp, epigrammatic style. She is also a fine cook, an active worker in the Women's Christian Temperance union, vice president of the Current Events club in her city and for nearly twenty years has been primary Sunday school superintendent of Rapid City.

### Guide Books Are Barred.

A guide book is generally regarded as harmless. Not so in Turkey, as a German traveler has learned to his grief. Officials found in his trunk "a guide through Turkey" and confiscated it. The next morning the book was returned to the German, but with more than a hundred pages torn out. The traveler went to the censor's office to complain of this inexplicable treatment of his book. But the censor explained to him with irresistible logic that an accurate description of Constantinople could not be suffered, since a knowledge of the locality was calculated to facilitate an attempt on the sultan's life.

### Look out for Fever

Biliousness and liver disorders at this season may be prevented by cleansing the system with DeWitt's Little Early Risers. These famous little pills do not gripe. They move the bowels gently, but copiously, and by reason of the tonic properties give tone and strength to the gland. W. T. Hill.

### Spanish Women and Their Dolls.

A correspondent in Madrid writes: "Senora Valdes, wife of the celebrated Spanish novelist whose books are well known in England, naively asked me to take a photograph of her with her doll. It will seem curious to many persons to find women of mature age still interested in their dolls, but it is quite the usual thing in Spain."

### Wise Advice.

"Son," said a Paw Paw Corner turkey to one of his offspring who was eating greedily of corn, "don't stuff so." "Why, dad?" queried the younger gobbler. "Because," returned the wise father, thinking of Thanksgiving day, "you are literally eating yourself to death."—Kansas City Star.

### Out of Death's Jaws.

"When death seemed very near from a severe stomach and liver trouble, that I had suffered with for years," writes P. Muse, Durham, N. C., Dr. King's New Life Pills saved my life and gave perfect health. Best pills on earth and only 25c at W. T. Hill's drug store.

### Motor Cars in Scotland.

The motor-car terror is said to have struck Scotland severely on account of the number of rich tourists who visit that country. In one case a heavy racing automobile, running very rapidly at night, plunged into a flock of sheep being driven to market, and killed and mangled quite a number of them.

Stoddard the Nestor of the Stage. J. H. Stoddard, who looks back to a career of seventy years on the stage, is the Nestor of the profession in America, antedating Joseph Jefferson by several years. He has no intention of abandoning the profession.

### America's Famous Beauties.

Look with horror on skin eruptions, blotches, sores and pimples. They don't have them, nor will any one, who uses Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It glorifies the face. Eczema or salt rheum vanish before it. It cures sore lips, chapped hands, chilblains. Infallible for piles. 25c at W. T. Hill's drug store.

## Bad Coughs

"I had a bad cough for six weeks and could find no relief until I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Only one-fourth of the bottle cured me." L. Hawn, Newington, Ont.

Neglected colds always lead to something serious. They run into chronic bronchitis, pneumonia, asthma, or consumption. Don't wait, but take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral just as soon as your cough begins. A few doses will cure you then.

Three sizes: 25c, 50c, \$1. All druggists.

### The Star Arcturus.

Arcturus, a star of the "solar type" of spectrum—identical with that of the sun, is now visible in the early evening. Arcturus has changed its position with reference to the surrounding stars during the last 800 years by an amount equal to the apparent diameter of the moon, moving toward the southwest. This brilliant orb can not be at less than eight or ten times the distance of Sirius—about nine "light years"—and is probably at a distance from us even greater than this. In that case, to shine as brilliantly as it does, its bulk must be fully that of a thousand suns.

### Forty Years of Torture.

To be relieved from a torturing disease after 40 years' torture might well cause the gratitude of anyone. That is what DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve did for C. Haney, Geneva, O. He says: "DeWitt's Witch Hazel salve cured me of piles after I had suffered 40 years." Cures cuts, burns, wounds, skin diseases. Beware of counterfeits. For sale by W. T. Hill.

### Military Band Routs Locusts.

Geryville, in South Algeria, was infested recently with a cloud of locusts. Gardens and plantations were covered with a fluttering gray-brown pall of the destructive insects. The major in command of the garrison was seized with a heroic idea. He called out the band and directed them to play up fortissimo and march against the foe! The locusts capitulated at once. The music was too much for them, and with one accord they cleared away to a less musical neighborhood.

### Crushed Would-be Poet.

A retort which hit hard was made upon a would-be poet at his club. "I," said he, "have written a great number of poems, but I do not propose to have them published until after my death." "Hurrah!" shouted a chorus of friends, raising their glasses, "here's long life to you, old man!"

### Where Journalist Scored.

One of the keenest of journalists and wits, Moritz Gottlieb Saphir, had the better of the irate stranger against whom he ran by accident, at the corner of a street in Munich. "Beast," cried the offended person, without waiting for an apology. "Thank you," said the journalist, "and mine is Saphir."

### Try Ointment Plasters.

For rheumatism, pain in the back or side, pneumonia, kidney and heart disease, liver complaint and all kindred diseases. These plasters are formulated for different ailments. Also corn plasters; a sure cure, six for 10 cents. Foot plasters, for cold feet, 20 cents. Agents and canvassers wanted. For particulars address

Mrs. J. S. Sutton,  
General Agent for Lake Co., Antioch, Ill.

German Learning Chinese.  
"Learning Chinese is a great advantage," said a German. "I have learned to speak Chinese, and now I can understand the Chinese when they speak to me."—Chicago Tribune.

### A Lucky Organ Grinder.

Organ grinders are not often engaged for a theatrical production, but in a coming London drama an Italian, whose repertoire includes "The Holy City," will take a small part. The other day at a rehearsal the actor-manager heard this song being played and imagined it was being rendered by the orchestra. "It's splendid," he remarked, "and it's just the kind of music we want in this scene." The stage manager was surprised, and confessed to the actor that he had nothing to do with this unrehearsed effect. "It's a man in the street," he added. "Engage him, then to play outside the stage door every evening when this scene is on," said the manager. The lucky Italian was accordingly promptly engaged at \$7.50 a week for his work.

### Aged and Youthful Statesmen.

The oldest man elected to the Vermont general assembly is Arnold Ball of East Haven, Jacksonian Democrat, aged 78. The youngest is Harmon Eddy of Stratton, Republican, aged 21. Legislator Elect William Tudor of Somerset, is the father of Legislator Elect John Tudor of Stamford.

# STOP: LOOK AT ME!

The Largest Number of Best Papers Ever Offered  
FOR THE MONEY

## AMERICA'S BEST

Editorially Fearless  
Consistently Republican

News from all the world, well written.

Original Stories.

Answers to Queries.

Articles on Health, the Home  
New Books, and on Work  
About the Farm and Garden

## The Weekly Inter Ocean

Is a member of the Associated Press the only Western Newspaper receiving the entire telegraphic news service of the New York Sun and special cable of the New York World—daily reports from over 2,000 special correspondents throughout the country.

PER YEAR ONE DOLLAR

## The Antioch News

The Antioch News gives you all the Home and County news at all times.

## Iowa Homestead

Is the greatest Agricultural and Live Stock paper published in the west.

## Farmers' Institute Ed.

The institute editions are the most practical editions for the promotion of farming.

## The Poultry Farmer

Is a practical poultry paper for the farmer, upon the care and raising of poultry.

## Weekly Inter Ocean

The Chicago Inter Ocean contains news from all parts of the world, stories, etc.

## The Iowa Homestead

All our farmer readers should take advantage of the unprecedented clubbing offer we this year make, which includes with this paper

The Iowa Homestead,

Farmers' Institute Edition,

The Poultry Farmer

These three publications are the best of their class and should be in every farm home.

Never was so much superior reading matter offered for so small an amount of money. The three papers named, which we club with our own, are well known throughout the West and commend themselves to the reader's favorable attention upon mere mention. The homestead is the great agricultural and live stock paper of the West; The poultry farmer is the most practical poultry paper for the farmer, while the special Farmers' Institute Editions are the most practical publications for the promotion of good farming ever published.

PER YEAR TWO DOLLARS

The above papers mailed to any address for..... **\$1.90** The regular price of the above papers is \$4.00

Sample copies at this office or mailed to any address

### A Praiseworthy Enterprise.

The National Dressmakers' Association will hereafter endeavor to find husbands for worthy seamstresses who are unable to conclude matrimonial negotiations without help. This is a praiseworthy enterprise and should be looked into by all bachelors who are charitably disposed.

### Natural Anxiety.

Mothers regard approaching winter with uneasiness, children take cold so easily. No disease costs more little lives than croup. It's attack is so sudden that the sufferer is often beyond human aid before the doctor arrives. Such cases yield readily to One Minute Cough Cure. Liquifies the mucus, allays inflammation, removes danger. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Cures coughs, colds, grip, bronchitis, all throat and lung trouble. F. S. McMahon, Hampton, Ga.: "A bad cold rendered me voiceless just before an oratorical contest. I intended to withdraw but took One Minute Cough Cure. It restored my voice in time to win the medal." W. T. Hill.

### Trained Cats in France.

Trained cats are the latest fad of French society women. Fashion decrees that the animal must be "educated" entirely by its owner and several of the best-known women in Parisian society are giving an hour a day to training their pets.

In Prohibition Kansas, Tool An Atchison husband hovered at death's door so long his wife remarked that she supposed he was having his usual trouble finding the keyhole.—Atchison (Kans.) Globe.

### He Learned a Great Truth.

It is said of John Wesley that he once said to Mistress Wesley: "Why do you tell that child the same thing over and over again?" "John Wesley, because once telling is not enough." It is for the same reason that you are told again and again that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cures colds and grip; that it counteracts any tendency of these diseases to result in pneumonia, and that it is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by all druggists.

### Morgan Has No Use for Poker.

While crossing the ocean recently Pierpont Morgan heard some one refer to draw poker as the great American game. The financier indignantly protested: "It is not a game characteristic of the American people and it never will be. It is based upon lie and the man who has the greatest capacity for deceit usually wins. The effect upon boys is to make them think deceit and bluff are smart and essential to work. It is an iniquitous game and ought to be abolished."

### Leaves Ministry for Commerce.

Rev. Charles A. Tuckingham, the New Jersey clergyman who recently created a sensation by resigning the pastorate of a Baptist church because he could not accept some doctrines of the denomination, has become ticket agent for the Pennsylvania road at Pittsburg.

### Town Built of Glass.

There is probably in all the world only one town built of glass, and that is to be found near Yellowstone Park. The glass is not artificial, but natural, being formed by ages of volcanic action. It is dark-green or black in hue, but in every other respect resembles the artificial product.

### Chamberlain Indorses Theaters.

Mr. Chamberlain in a letter to the vicar of Gorleston, England, has expressed his sympathy with a scheme for running theaters in connection with the churches of country villages, saying that he is always pleased to hear of anything that is being done for the people in the way of bringing light and happiness into their lives.

### Land of Volcanic Origin.

South Africa is of volcanic origin, and the land in the vicinity of Kimberley is so sulphurous that even ants cannot exist upon it.

### Cures Eczema, Itching Humors.

Especially for old chronic cases take Botanic Blood Balm. It gives a healthy blood supply to the effected parts, heals all the sores, eruptions, scabs and scales, stops the awful itching and burning of eczema, swellings, suppurating, watery sores, etc. Druggists \$1. Sample free and prepaid by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice sent in a sealed letter. No 2—48yl

### MAY SETTLE IN SUMATRA.

Boer Leaders Said to Have a Liking for the Country.

After his visit to Antwerp and possibly a short stop in London, Mr. Reitz, it is understood, will return to South Africa, but instead of going to Sumatra to settle down. Of late years Sumatra has been making rapid strides ahead, owing to the great success of the tobacco growing industry along the coast opposite Poengang, and Deli and Langkat have grown into important places. They are not far as the crow flies, from the disturbed district of Aceh, where one of the longest wars in history is still going on, the Dutch government having started the suppression of the Acheenese revolt over thirty years ago. Dr. Leyds is also said to have some idea of going to the Dutch East. He is a native of Java and has many relatives and friends in and around Batavia.—London Chronicle.

### PETROLEUM AS A BEVERAGE.

Medical Society of Paris Sends Out a Warning.

The Medical Society of Paris has expressed the opinion that it is necessary to adopt some measures against the alarming spread of petroleum drinking. At first it was thought that this habit had sprung up from the increased taxation on alcohol imposed by the French government, but an investigation showed that this was not the case; the habit had been prevalent some time previously in certain districts and had spread with great rapidity. The victim of the petroleum habit does not become brutal, only morose. Opinions differ among physicians as regards the effects of petroleum drinking on the human system, but all agree on the harmfulness of this new vice.

### Ran a Ten-Penny Nail Through His Hand.

While opening a box J. O. Mount, of Three Mile Bay, N. Y., ran a ten-penny nail through the fleshy part of his hand. "I thought at once of all the pain and soreness this would cause me," he says, "and immediately applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm and occasionally afterwards. To my surprise it removed all pain and soreness and the injured parts were soon healed." For sale by all druggists.

### Trouble for Spanish King.

Among the other troubles of the young King of Spain is that of having a wife imposed upon him. The Royal Society of Matchmaking will attend to the business for him, so that he will have no trouble until after the wedding.

### Reindeer's Power of Endurance.

The reindeer can endure more than any other draught animal except the yak. A reindeer has been known to pull 200 pounds at ten miles an hour for twelve hours on end.

### Two Good Mottos.

A farmer out in the Sixth district, Missouri, has two mottoes framed and hung in his parlor. One is "God Bless Our Home," and the other, "Plant the Corn Thin."—Kansas City Star.

### His Life in Peril.

"I just seemed to have gone all to pieces," writes Alfred Beg, of Welfare, Tex., biliousness and a lame back had made life a burden. I couldn't eat or sleep and felt almost to worn out to work when I began to use Electric Bitters, but they worked wonders. Now I sleep like a top, can eat anything, have gained in strength and enjoy hard work. They give vigorous health and new life to weak, sickly run-down people. Try them. Only 50c at W. T. Hill's drug store.

### Caution.

This is not a gentle word—but when you think how liable you are not to purchase the only remedy universally known and a remedy that has had the largest sale of any medicine in the world since 1868 for the cure and treatment of Consumption and Throat and Lung troubles without losing its great popularity all these years, you will be thankful we called your attention to Boesche's German Syrup. There are so many ordinary cough remedies made by druggists and others that are cheap and good for light colds perhaps, but for severe Coughs, Bronchitis, Croup—and especially for Consumption, where there is danger of expectation and coughing during the nights and mornings there is nothing like German Syrup. The 25-cent size has just been introduced this year. Regular size 75 cents. At W. T. Hill's.

### Remarkable Speed of Pigeon.

In recent experiments at Antwerp a swallow, which had its nest in that city, was sent to Compiègne, France, a distance of 140 1/2 miles, and liberated. The flight home was accomplished in one hour and eight minutes, a speed of about 128 1/2 miles per hour.

### Exit—Upstairs.

The "speed madness" of the present day, finding expression, it seems, in increasingly novel and unique inventions. Not content with "thinking across the ocean," talking around the globe, splitting the air with automobiles, flying machines, and other time destroying vehicles, people have now become impatient of the elevator method of ascending to tops of skyscrapers, and the news comes that a well-known torpedo inventor has perfected a safe and really simple contrivance for blowing one upstairs. There is no noise, no exertion, no discomfort—one presses a button and thereupon finds himself floating upward. The contrivance is also said to be comparatively inexpensive.

### The Worst Form.

Multitudes are singing the praises of Kodol, the new discovery, which is making so many sick people well and weak people strong by digesting what they eat, by cleansing and sweetening the stomach and by transforming their food into the kind of pure, rich, red blood that makes you feel good all over. Mrs. Cranfill, of Troy, N. Y., writes: "For a number of years I was troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia which grew into the worst form. Finally I was induced to use Kodol, and after using four bottles I am entirely cured. I heartily recommend Kodol to all sufferers from indigestion and dyspepsia. Take a dose after meals. It digests what you eat. For sale by W. T. Hill.